

## MORE BRESTOVIZZA TRENCHES STORMED BY ITALIAN TROOPS

Fresh Haul Of Prisoners In-  
creases Total Since Bat-  
tle Begun To 26,581

## TAKE MT. ZEBRU

Isongo Crossing 'Brilliant  
Wind-Up To Six  
Days' Fighting

## BEWILDERED ROUT

Denude Russian And Ru-  
manian Fronts for Reserves  
To Stem Rush

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, September 3.—An Italian official communiqué reports:—We repulsed counter-attacks on the southern edge of Bainsizza Plateau and on the northern slopes of Monte San Gabriele and eastward of Gorizia.

We extended our gains in Brestovizza Valley, capturing some prisoners and booty. We recaptured a height of 1,500 meters, in Upper Zebzu Valley.

An earlier communiqué reported: We repulsed, with heavy losses, repeated and violent counter-attacks on the northern slopes of Monte San Gabriele and eastward of Gorizia. We carried some elements of trenches in Brestovizza Valley.

We took 717 prisoners yesterday, making 728 officers and 24,581 men since the beginning of the battle.

One of our flights of aeroplanes dropped 2½ tons of bombs on the railway establishments at Grubovo. Trieste is bombarded.

London, September 2.—An Austrian official communiqué reports that the Italians dropped seventy bombs on Trieste yesterday.

The communiqué claims that they repulsed strong Italian attacks northward of Kal, stemmed all assaults at Monte San Gabriele and captured a section of trench eastward of Gorizia.

The Times' correspondent at Italian headquarters reveals the full story of the 2nd Army's six-day battle for the conquest of Bainsizza Plateau. The crossing of the Isongo was brilliantly conceived and executed. The swift-flowing river, in a gorge sixty feet deep, protected the Austrian positions like a moat.

Bridging it began on the night of the 18th and, before dawn, fourteen bridges had been constructed. It was likely that the crossings were protected by very strong machine-gun redoubts and, consequently, the steep parts of the gorge were selected, the pontoons being let down by ropes.

Bewildered Rout

After the troops had crossed, the next difficulty was assaulting the line of caverns on the steep slopes used as machine-gun posts. Jelenik Ridge held out, but two days later, the Italians on the south turned the enemy's line, whereupon a bewildered rout began and the shell-fire of the enemy grew wild.

The battle movement developed. The Italians on the north of the tableland attacked up the valley of the Rohot and broke through the enemy's line at Rutarsce and Bascera, pushing on to Koblek.

Since the fall of Monte Santo, the 2nd Army has been an army on the move, deploying as for old-time warfare across ground without trenches. Great difficulties have been experienced, owing to the shortage of water on Bainsizza Plateau, where the enemy have polluted the wells.

Mass Reinforcements Up

Udine, September 1.—Austrian prisoners report that re-inforcements are being hurried to the Italian front from the Russian and Rumanian fronts, in addition to German troops, who first appeared on Carso Plateau on Thursday.

## WAICHAPOU COUNCILLOR

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press  
Peking, September 2.—Dr. Hawling Yen has been appointed Councillor of the Waichapu.

## Single Brilliant Rush Wins French Whole of Objective Along 1,500 Meters Front

Sweeping Germans From Hurtebise Area; British In  
August Capture 10,697 Prisoners and 38 Guns

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, September 2.—The official communiqué yesterday afternoon reported: In Belgium, there has been great artillery activity in the region of Dreigraachten and Bilschoote.

On the Aisne front, after a strong artillery preparation, we attacked last night north-west of Hurtebise and, with one bound, carried all our objectives on a front of nearly 1,500 meters to a depth of 300. We broke up three counter-attacks and captured 5 officers and 150 men and 7 machine-guns.

A great many of the enemy were killed by our preliminary artillery preparation and the subsequent fighting, which was very violent. Our aircraft co-operated in the attack, keeping at a height of 100 to 200 meters and using their machine-guns against the enemy's trenches and batteries. They all returned.

The communiqué in the evening reported: We captured a further 200 meters of trench north of Hurtebise, taking 30 prisoners. A counter-attack made by the enemy this afternoon did not reach our lines, under our violent artillery work.

Repulse Germans

In the Champagne, south of Butte du Meuil, we repulsed a strong enemy coup-de-main, capturing some prisoners, including the commander. There has been a brief artillery struggle in the whole region north of Hill 304 and Mort Homme.

The communiqué this evening reported: There has been considerable artillery fighting at Hurtebise, in the direction of Maison-de-Champagne and at Verdun, in the sectors of Hill 304, Samogneux and Beaumont.

The brilliant attack last Sunday was carried out by the two Divisions which made the advance on August 20.

They were to be relieved, but of their own accord asked to be entrusted with Sunday's attack before going to the rear.

Meet Stubborn Resistance

The left wing swiftly gained all its objectives and, pushing on, reached the southern outskirts of Beaumont village. In the center a stubborn resistance was encountered in Beaumont Wood, which, with Mesopotamia Trench, was packed with machine-guns. For three hours, with admirable dash and vigor, the attacking troops kept up the bayonet and grenade struggle. Finally, the enemy were crushed and all our objectives were won without much further difficulty.

During the night before the attack, the German Divisions which occupied this sector had been re-informed by

two fresh Divisions. The fact that these Divisions were defeated by troops belonging to an army corps which had stood the brunt of six days' hard fighting speaks volumes in regard to the brilliant qualities of the Verdun army.

Prisoners state that the relieving operations of the enemy had been gravely hampered by our special shells. The Germans made a strong effort on Sunday night to dislodge our victorious troops from the outskirts of Beaumont village, but the advancing waves were caught under a terrific fire from the French guns and were forced to fall back, leaving a great number of dead and wounded on the ground. All the gains of the Verdun army have been maintained.

French Capture 5,552

London, September 2.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters states that the battle of Chemin-des-Dames, in which the French army has been engaged for five months, has been at least as severe a test as the battle of Verdun last year. The length of the front is approximately the same, while 49 divisions of German troops have been engaged at Chemin-des-Dames since May 5 to August 20, as compared with 25 divisions at Verdun during the same period last year, when the fighting at Verdun was heaviest.

The fact that the French have taken 5,552 prisoners at Chemin-des-Dames during the period mentioned, as compared with 5,553 during the corresponding period at Verdun, clearly suggests that the wastage of German effectives at Chemin-des-Dames has been almost twice as great as at Verdun and, even allowing for the fact that the fighting strength of a German division is considerably less than last year, it is evident that the battle of Chemin-des-Dames has been more costly to the enemy than Verdun.

The strain of the battle of Chemin-des-Dames on the nerves of the German troops is shown by the fact that only one out of 49 German divisions has re-appeared in the fighting-line after withdrawal. Divisions which participate in the fighting never remain more than twelve days at the front.

There is every reason to believe that the Germans have between 450 and 500 batteries on Chemin-des-Dames. Certainly they have as many as they had at Verdun last year. They have from ten to twelve batteries on every thousand yards of front and have often employed 200 batteries on a narrow sector for a single attack.

Forty Big Attacks  
There have been forty big attacks, half German and half French, on Chemin-des-Dames in 107 days, besides minor attacks and counter-attacks. The bloodiest hand-to-hand fighting ever seen has occurred on the crest.

(Continued on Page 2)

## Germans' Request Refused By Chinese

Club Concordia Not To Be Re-  
opened To Get Teuton Red  
Cross Funds

The office of the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs has rejected the request by the Acting Dutch Consul on behalf of the German Red Cross Society to remove the sealing orders of the German Club in order to take out some of the belongings of the organization. The message states that no instructions have been received from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs as to the disposal of the club and the Shanghai Foreign Bureau is not in a position to grant the application.

The Acting Consul of Holland has also applied on behalf of William Pucher, manager of the Austrian Lloyd, 58 Szechuen Road, to withdraw the Company's deposits kept at the Bank of Communications. In reply Commissioner Su Fu-mou said that he will inquire at the office of the bank and ascertain whether there is any reason why the deposits should not be withdrawn.

## The Weather

Fine and hot weather, but with threats of thunderstorms. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 94.2 and the minimum 79.2, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 92.8 and 76.6.

## Standard Oil Man Attacked By Robbers

Agent Despoiled Between Suifu  
And Luchow; His Where-  
abouts Now Unknown

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press  
Peking, September 2.—According to Japanese reports, a representative of the Standard Oil Company has been attacked between Suifu and Luchow and robbed and his whereabouts are now unknown.

## Mr. Gerard Has Given Imagination Free Rein Is Hollweg's Answer

Denies Saying Kaiser Planned  
Dominion Over Belgium;  
Shirt-Sleeve Diplomacy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
New York, September 2.—Interviewed with regard to the disclosures being made by Mr. James W. Gerard, the late American Ambassador at Berlin, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg declared that Mr. Gerard has given his imagination a somewhat free rein. He had attributed to the ex-Chancellor utterances which were not his.

Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg denied that he had ever unfolded to Mr. Gerard German war-aims such as a military and commercial dominion of Belgium. He criticized the publication of the revelations at the present time as shirt-sleeve diplomacy.

## ENTENTE'S ECONOMIC POLICY NOT AGAINST MR. WILSON'S IDEAS

Cecil Says Only Aim To Secure  
Protection From Aggressive  
Militarist Commercialism

## NEUTRAL PATIENCE ENDING

Sees Difficulties In League To  
Prevent War, But 'May Be  
Well Studied'

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 1.—Reuter's Agency publishes a statement by Lord Robert Cecil regarding the references to economic leagues in President Wilson's reply to the Pope. Lord Robert Cecil says that there does not appear to be anything inconsistent between the American Note and the economic policy of the Allies as declared at the Paris Conference.

The resolutions passed at the latter were purely defensive and unaggressive. They aimed at the necessity of restoring the economic life of the Allies after the war and protecting them against the aggressive militarist commercial policy which might then be pursued by their enemies. Germany's schemes for driving her allies into a Central European commercial bloc showed that such a policy is a real danger.

Foster Economic Strength

"We hold in this struggle that economic considerations are as vital as purely military and naval measures. We have to maintain and foster the economic strength of those who are fighting the Central Powers quite as much as we have to organize our armies and navies."

"We believe also that we are right in attacking the economic strength of our enemies with every legitimate weapon. That is why we rejoice at the vigorous policy the United States is pursuing regarding exports and other matters. Depend upon it, there is no more potent weapon with which to bring home to Germany the folly and wickedness of her militarist leaders than to show her that war does not pay, even in the strictest commercial sense."

Neutral's Patience Nearing End

"The Germans forgot in their pursuit of their militarist policy and their contempt of all international law and the rights of non-combatants and neutrals that they have arrayed against themselves forces whose commercial and financial resources are immeasurably greater than their own. Hardly a week passes without some indication that even those nations still remaining neutral are getting to the end of their patience and it is scarcely extravagant to say that, if the war continues many months longer, the Central Empires will find literally the whole of the rest of the world arrayed in arms against them."

"That state of things gives rise to two observations. In the first place, it shows that, in the modern world, military force is not everything and, even if the Germans are really as successful and invincible as the Kaiser and his generals boast, Germany's future would still be increasingly dark. Problem of War Prevention

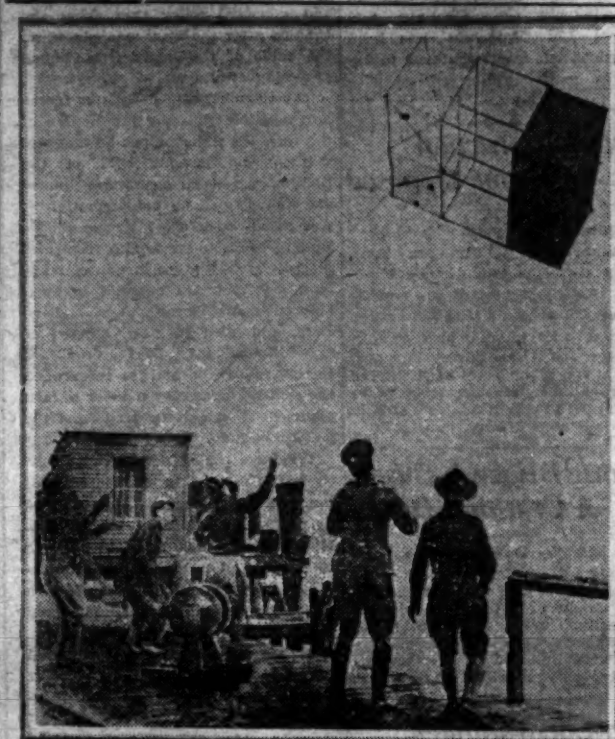
"The second and more hopeful observation indicates, perhaps, the solution of the greatest world problem of the day, namely, how can we take precautions to prevent future wars. The great difficulty in all schemes of leagues of nations and such-like has been to find sanction against nations determined to break the peace."

"I do not wish now to discuss at length the difficulties of joint armed action, but everyone who has studied the question knows that they are very great. It may be, however, that a league of nations properly furnished with machinery for enforcing the financial, commercial and economic isolation of a nation determined to force its will upon the world by mere violence would be a real safeguard for the peace of the world. In any case that subject may well be studied by those who are sincerely anxious to end the present system of international anarchy."

Wilson Angers German Press

The French newspapers endorse President Wilson's Note, although some dissent from the view that the German people should be entirely dissociated with the aims of the German Government. The comment of the German newspapers is mostly resentful at what are called outside hints regarding how Germany should be governed.

## Targets for Anti-Aircraft Guns



Kites of the variety shown in the accompanying photograph are now being used in various parts of the United States by the various candidates for commissions in the Coast Artillery. Their humble mission (the kites, of course) is to provide targets for the anti-aircraft guns with which the applicants for Coast Guard appointments must be familiar before they can hope to pass their examinations. Kites of this same variety also carry cameras, with which photographs of enemy country are taken through telescopic lenses.

## LI YUAN-HUNG ADVISES SOUTH OBEY PEKING

Canton Reports Say Chen Ping-  
kun And Sun Yat-sen Are  
Near Split

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, September 2.—Li Yuan-hung has sent a telegram exhorting the Southern leaders to obey the Central Government.

Hongkong, September 3.—The passenger-traffic on the day and night-boats between Canton and Hongkong for the last three days has been double the normal. Well-informed people in Canton regard the relations between Sun Yat-sen and General Chen Ping-kun, the Military Governor, as strained.

A visitor who returned from Canton on Saturday saw two ships moved up from Whampoa and anchored off Fat, while four others were anchored at Whampoa.

Tokio, September 2.—Two thousand Chinese students in Tokio held a reception in honor of Chang Chi and Tai Tien-chiu on Sunday. The meeting passed unanimously resolutions to send a congratulatory telegram to the National Assembly in Canton and also advising the Tyan Cabinet to resign.

## BELGIAN ARMY NOW STRONGER THAN EVER

Better Equipped Than At Start  
Of War And Still In  
Good Spirits

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 31.—Reuter's Agency learns from an authoritative Belgian military source that the Belgian army is much stronger and better equipped than at the beginning of the war. The front is held by the Belgians from Nieupoort to Boesinghe, a distance of twenty miles.

The Belgians have participated with great effect in much of the fighting and their endurance has been specially praiseworthy. Notwithstanding their mental suffering through the lack of news from their home country, an excellent spirit prevails. The presence of King Albert and the Queen of the Belgians and their active help is a great encouragement to the troops.

## Bank Of China Notes Drop Still Further

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, September 2.—The exchange value of Bank of China notes is dropping, owing to the increase of the number in circulation.

## RUSSIAN MINISTRY STIFLES A PLOT TO UPSET REVOLUTION

Leaders Included Officers  
And Well-Known Politicians; Many Jailed

## NO MISCHIEF DONE

Savinkoff Withdraws Resig-  
nation; Will Reorganise  
Army Behind Lines

## DVINA IS CROSSED

Germans Successful Above  
Riga; Are Now Push-  
ing Northward

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 2.—The newspapers state that a plot against the Revolution was discovered in Petrograd at the time of the Moscow Conference. Its leaders include well-known politicians and several officers. Searches furnished proofs of the existence of the plot.

It is authoritatively stated that the arrests made in connection with the plot were mostly outside Petrograd, very few prisoners being arrested in the Capital. The Government considers that the present time is inopportune to publish the names of the persons arrested or the result of its domiciliary searches.

The activities of the plotters had no alarming result, but the matter is being investigated very energetically.

To Unite All Sections

The Social Democratic Congress opened yesterday, with the object of uniting all sections of the Party.

The acting Minister of War, M. Savinkoff, has withdrawn his resignation and states that he will deal immediately with the army organization behind the lines.

General Korniloff, owing to the recent defections of Russian troops on the Rumanian front, has urgently requested M. Kerensky, the Russian Premier, to enforce the disciplinary measures mentioned by General Korniloff at the Moscow Conference.

In consequence of the rejection of their demands, the engine-drivers have decided to strike, except drivers of troop and hospital trains. The other unions have refused to support them, while the Government is taking very strong measures.

Commander Corn

The Government has commandeered the corn supplies in the Provinces near the south-west and Rumanian fronts, owing to the grave shortage of flour.

A Russian officer who participated in the battles at Focsany says that the struggle raged very fiercely for a fortnight. The Germans employed their best troops, whose losses were enormous, some regiments being completely annihilated.

Thirty-two attacks made by the Germans at one point of the Russian trenches were repulsed, the ground being covered with thousands of German corpses belonging to ten different regiments. The Russian losses were also serious.

King Ferdinand of Rumania has telegraphed to the Russian Premier, M. Kerensky, that the Rumanians are firmly resolved to fight side by side with their brave allies until the final triumph of right and justice.

Riga Raids Not Unexpected

London, September 2.—The appearance of German warships in the Gulf of Riga is not unexpected and is probably a prelude to a repetition of the combined operations on land and sea which so egregiously failed in 1915, when the British submarines carried out such brilliant exploits. The present demoralisation of the Russian fleet affords a tempting opportunity to bring off a spectacular coup.

A Russian official communiqué today reported: "The enemy crossed the Dvina, south-eastward of Riga, occupied Kupferhammer and developed their success northwards. They also took the offensive in the region of the Mitau Road. The battle is proceeding."



"Attacks made by the enemy in the directions of Kovel, Vladimir-Volynsk, Polesny and Braila failed."

A German official communique yesterday reported: "We gained a hill position north-eastward of Focsany."

A German official communique today reported: "Some of our enterprises south-eastward of Riga succeeded."

Countess Torly, wife of the Grand Duke Michael, in a stirring article in the Daily Telegraph, appeals to the warrior Cossacks to defend Holy Russia, to meet the foe within and to beat back the foe at the gates.

**Rumanians Stand Firm**  
Odessa, August 31.—The latest Rumanian communique shows that a furious resistance is being offered to the violent attacks which are being made by the enemy in the region of Oltuz and Cerna and in the valleys of the Sereth and Putna, often with favorable results for the Russo-Rumanian forces. Very heavy losses are suffered on both sides.

Rumanian circles are generally optimistic in their hope that, with the assistance of the Russians, they will save Moldavia. The Government of Rumania is adopting prudent measures with regard to the transference of the Royal Family and seat of Government to Kherston.

**Single Brilliant Rush Wins Line**  
(Continued from Page 1)

line between Cerny and Craonne, where the area to be won is so narrow and the necessary advance so short that fifty defeats have not yet ended the Boche of the illusion that he can reconquer it.

Probably the enemy's strongest motive for keeping the battle of Chemin-des-Dames alive is in the vain hope of wearing down the courage of the French, who have beaten them as signally at Chemin-des-Dames as at Verdun.

**On The British Front**  
London, September 2.—Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday noon: The weather continues unsettled. The enemy's artillery has been active southward of Lens and in the neighborhood of the coast.

Sir Douglas Haig reported in the evening: We carried out a successful raid, eastward of Wyschaete, bombed the enemy's dug-outs and used our machine-guns on the escaping garrison. We repulsed raiders south-westward of Havincourt.

Activity in the air was resumed yesterday evening. We brought down two machines. One of ours is missing.

**Huge Haul of Prisoners**  
The British in August took 7,279 prisoners, of whom 153 were officers, making 10,697, including 234 officers, since the morning of July 31. Thirty-eight guns, including six of heavy caliber, 200 machine-guns and 73 trench-mortars were captured in August.

Sir Douglas Haig reported noon today: The enemy made a heavy attack with bombs against our advance posts south-westward of Havincourt, which they failed to reach the previous night. We were compelled to withdraw, but we recaptured the positions later.

Sir Douglas Haig reports this evening: We repulsed raids north-westward of Lens and south-westward of La Bassee. Both artillery were active eastward of Ypres.

Our aeroplanes bombed aerodromes and railway stations on Friday night. The weather hindered flying on Saturday. We brought down one machine. Two of ours are missing.

**German Reports**  
(By wireless).—The German official communique issued yesterday afternoon reported: The French secured initial successes near Hurtelise Farm. Our counter-thrust threw the enemy back.

A German official communique today reported:—"The French captured a small portion of our foremost line at Hurtelise Farm."

**Lieut. Dunstan Fuller Is Killed In France**  
Word is Also Received Of The Death Of Staff Sergeant J. Giles

Word by cable has been received telling of the death in action of Lieut. Dunstan Fuller, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Fuller, and a grandson of Mr. A. C. Tweedie. Lieut. Fuller was acting Captain of "C" Company, 11th Battalion of the Royal Fusiliers and was only 21 years old. According to the message the young officer was killed on August 10, "somewhere in France."

News has also been received of the death in action of Staff Sgt. J. Giles, of the Canadian Fusiliers. Sgt. Giles was assistant Superintendent of the Parks in Shanghai from 1909 until 1912 and was a member of the Hongkew Company of the Fire Brigade and of "B" Co., S.V.C.

**Dowager Empress Of Russia Very Ill**  
(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 1.—The Dowager-Empress of Russia, who is living in seclusion in the Crimea, is seriously ill.

## YUNNANESE TROOPS MARCH ON CHENG TU

Liu Tsun-hao Authorised To Take Steps To Repel Invasion

(Reuter's Pacific Service, The China Press) Peking, September 2.—The Government is in receipt of a telegram which says that the Yunnanese troops, in disobedience to the orders of the Central Government, are advancing on Chengtu and General Liu Tsun-hao has been authorized to take whatever measures he may consider necessary to repel the invaders.

## Cotton Restriction In Egypt Opposed

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, August 31.—The Manchester correspondent of The Times states that the report of the restriction of cotton in Egypt came as a staggering blow to Lancashire. The proposal is too serious to be regarded with equanimity and it may be taken for granted that Lancashire will fight very vigorously against it.

## Shanse Brigands Given A Crushing Defeat

(Reuter's Pacific Service, The China Press) Peking, September 2.—The Tachun of Shansi reports the decisive defeat of a force of brigands numbering 3,000. Two thousand of the brigands were killed or captured. Three hundred of the Government troops were killed or wounded.

## Haig Congratulates On Italian Successes

Telegraphs Gen. Cadorna, Who Expresses Confidence In Allied Victory

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, September 1.—Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters states that Sir Douglas Haig telegraphed to Generalissimo Cadorna, congratulating him on his great successes. General Cadorna replied, expressing the confidence of his assurance in the future victory of the Allies.

## TURKS IN SINKIANG

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Peking, September 2.—The Government is considering the supervision of 206 Turkish families in Sinkiang.

## POLICE COLLEGE OPEN

(Reuter's Pacific Service, The China Press) Peking, September 2.—The High Police College was opened on Saturday by the Minister of the Interior.

## British Trade Policy Problems Taken Up

Correspondence With Colonial Office Discussed By Hong-kong Legislative Council

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Hongkong, September 1.—The correspondence which has passed between the Colonial Office, the Hongkong Government, the Chamber of Commerce and the China Association in London, relating to commercial and industrial policy throughout the Empire after the war, was placed on the table of the Legislative Council yesterday evening.

The Chamber urged that, so far as is compatible with the prosecution of the war, steps should not be taken to weaken the present hold of the Empire on eastern commerce, finance and industry and, consequently, it was essential in the interests of the Empire to maintain to and from and in the East a due proportion of shipping to maintain supplies between different points of the Empire and the East and also such a supply of material as may be required for British industries and to reserve on the spot the necessary number of men experienced in eastern trade and the peoples of Asia.

Whatever the Imperial policy adopted in the future, in the interest of Hongkong provision must be made for its peculiar relationship with China. No measures should be taken likely to be detrimental to the further expansion of its import and export trade with China and any tariff regulation should provide for these circumstances.

As a shipping port, it is essential to foster and stimulate the important ship, engine, repairing and dry-docking facilities of the Colony and also the ship and engine building establishments which at present exist. The considerable sugar-refining industry and the cement and rope works should be protected.

The Chamber considers that it is desirable that restrictions and control should be placed on insurance companies and that such legislation should provide that British traders or insurance companies should insure or re-insure only in British companies and it suggests a special tax on all premiums secured by foreign insurance companies doing business on imperial territory. Should it develop that Germany proposes to use British ports as stages on the route leading to the development of Whampoa, in an attempt to divert trade and shipping from Hongkong, port-dues from Suez onwards should be placed on differential terms and coaling facilities restricted against German ships employed in such a policy.

The Governor, in forwarding the recommendations of the Chamber of Commerce to London, wrote that measures of control over shipping which is at present enemy shipping may be necessary after the war. "In the opinion of this Government, the exclusion of enemy shipping will not be to the best interests of Hongkong."

## GERMAN MINE-SWEEPERS SUNK IN JUTLAND FIGHT

Enemy Vessels, Protected By Planes And Submarines, Driven Aground By British Forces

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, September 1.—The Admiralty announces: "Our light forces destroyed four enemy mine-sweepers, off the coast of Jutland, this morning."

The Jutland scrap is chiefly interesting as showing that, despite the enormous minefields and other elaborate defensive devices of the enemy, the British naval outposts are always on the enemy's doorstep. Reuter's correspondent at Copenhagen says that the fight occurred off Higgjoebing, at seven o'clock in the morning.

The German mine-sweepers fled and grounded in shallow water and one hundred of the survivors of the crews reached the shore. There was no question of raiding defenceless mine-sweepers, because the latter were protected by aeroplanes and submarines.

Copenhagen, September 2.—The crews of the destroyed German mine-trawlers, interviewed at Higgjoebing, said that they suddenly discovered they were surrounded by British war-ships, which were attacking from the west, north and south. The only way to escape was towards Denmark. The British warships fired over 1,500 shots and the trawlers were sinking just before they ran aground.

## Tons Of Explosives Dropped In Air Raid

Naval Planes Bomb Ghistelles Aerodrome And Railway Line Near Ostend

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, September 1.—The Admiralty announces:—Naval aeroplanes raided Ghistelles aerodrome, last night. Several direct hits were made on the sheds and a fire started. Bombs exploded on the adjoining railway line between Ostend and Thourout. Many tons of explosives were dropped. Our machines have returned.

## Cabinet Resignation Result Of Scandal

Maloy, French Minister Of Interior, Was Friend Of Suicide Almeyreda

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Paris, September 1.—The resignation of M. Malvy, the French Minister of the Interior, is the culmination of a sensational affair which originated with the arrest of Almeyreda, the editor of the Pacifist paper Bonnet Rouge, which is published in Paris, on a charge of receiving a big cheque supposed to come from Germany. Almeyreda, who was a friend of M. Malvy, was found strangled in prison, having apparently committed suicide. Already, several officials have been dismissed in connection with the affair.

## U.S. Troops Parade On Way To Camp

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Philadelphia, September 2.—There was a great parade, lasting for five hours, yesterday, of troops marching through Philadelphia to their training-camp.

## HOW NERVE TROUBLES BEGIN.

Few people realize that nervous ailments often arise from digestive troubles. The stomach fails, for some reason, to digest food properly. Then the system languishes, and the nerves become exhausted in striving to continue their work.

Impure blood also causes nerve troubles, but frequently it is in the stomach where the mischief starts. As nourishment is carried to the nerves by the blood, it will be seen what an important connection exists between the stomach, the nerves and the blood, and how nerve troubles, such as nervous headaches, nervous dyspepsia, neurasthenia and insomnia may begin.

In such cases relief is obtainable by means of Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people, for these pills replenish the blood with food-elements on which the nerves thrive; at the same time they exert a tonic influence on the digestive organs, enabling the system to derive nourishment from food taken. By this natural process nervous ills are steadily dispelled by Dr. Williams' pink pills.

If you are suffering from nerves or are in need of a tonic, obtain Dr. Williams' pink pills today. Your dealer sells them; also obtainable, post free, one bottle for \$1.50, six for \$8, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Seachuen Road, Shanghai.

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39 NANKING ROAD

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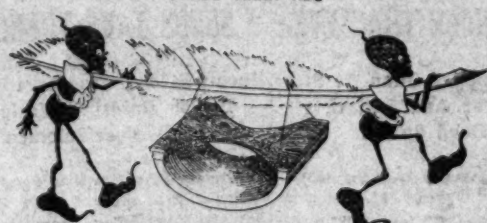
## China Realty Co., Ltd.

39 NANKING ROAD

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"STERLING BLOTTER."

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Invested with the latest chemical knowledge to drive blotting paper absolutely out of use. Having an astonishing blotting power, never soil the surface of the paper with ink stuck up. Being framed with metallic-netting, guaranteed from break. Good for as long as its shape is maintained, because the blotting power is never impaired by any long using. The shape is designed by the inventor's hand tool and application to suit an easy handling. Elegant appearance serves to decorate the desk.

### Cautions on Using.

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## Mokanshan Counts Record List Of Summer Visitors

Special Correspondence of the China Press

Mokanshan, August 29.—In spite of the unusually large number of rainy and foggy days the present season in Mokanshan has been an exceptionally good one. Though retiring and modest to a degree, shunning the limelight and preferring a life of rural simplicity, Mokanshan seems destined to become popular in spite of herself, not only with missionaries who because of contiguity of residence are in a way compelled to choose it as a summer home, but also with the world at large. This summer holds the record for the largest number of visitors ever on the mountain at one time, there being over seven hundred present when the census was taken, and many others have made longer or shorter visits.

Many of the old-timers, original discoverers of the delights of Mokanshan, and some others, have feared and deprecated the coming of outside elements, wishing rather to preserve Mokanshan as peculiarly a missionary community, but the general opinion is that it is unwise, to use no stronger term, to display a selfish attitude of hostility toward anyone who might wish to share in the good things which Mokanshan can offer. In furtherance of this spirit the annual meeting this year voted to allow Chinese to become members of the Association. This is a matter of mere justice and is a step in the right direction. Several families of Chinese already own houses and are found to be ready and willing to fall in with any proposals of the various committees which look after the welfare of the community.

Unlike some summer resorts Mokanshan has never adopted the plan of having a paid foreign manager, but all public work has been done by committees who freely give their time—and in many instances a good deal of it—for the sake of the public good. This appears to have worked well in the past, but without doubt some other plan will have to be found in the near future, for with the growth of the community the work has increased to such an extent as to make it almost an imposition to ask anyone to give to it the time necessary for its execution. The plan most likely to be adopted will be to employ a competent Chinese manager who will perform his duties under the direct oversight of the established committees.

This summer there has been added to Mokanshan a new attraction, and one that has already won the enthusiastic approval of all. This is a system of roads encircling three mountain peaks, and making a delightful and scenic promenade of about three miles in extent. As these roads are practically on a level, one may secure from them the maximum of pleasure with a minimum of effort. They also have opened up a large number of desirable building sites.

The tennis courts which have been a constant problem for a number of years, requiring a large annual outlay, are now practically completed and will furnish all necessary tennis facilities for a good many years. There will be eight or nine courts side by side, with an additional two courts on Mont Clair which have this year been taken over by the tennis committee.

The swimming pool is pronounced by one of the physicians to have been in the best condition this season of any time since its construction. Although not yet all that could be desired, since for instance it should be entirely emptied and cleaned after four days use instead of once a week as at present, it has not been responsible as far as known for any bad physical effects upon those who have frequented it. There has however been one very regrettable accident in connection with the pool. A rude pavilion which had been erected on

one side of it suddenly collapsed. Fortunately this occurred one morning when but few people were occupying it, otherwise there might easily have been loss of life. As it was several children received bad bruises, and two ladies were seriously injured, so much indeed as to require extended medical attendance.

The library has been somewhat enlarged by the addition of new books, but aside from further requirements in this direction its greatest need is for suitable quarters where people may assemble without fear of the building falling down, and where the books may be protected as they cannot be at present from the effects of the weather.

The annual concert this year was voted the best for several seasons. There were a goodly number of new performers and the old stand-bys seemed to do better than ever. Some letters purporting to have been written by a new Mokanshanite to his father, giving humorous and slightly exaggerated pictures of life on the mountain, were read and caused much amusement. A member of the Shanghai public band rendered a violin selection which was very highly appreciated.

The needs of the young people have not been neglected. Various clubs and societies have flourished among them with concomitant picnics, parties, teas, etc. The Camp Fire Girls and the Boy Scouts have each enjoyed camping trips of four or five days, the girls at Dade and the boys at Tien-liao-san, reporting in both instances most delightful times. The boy scouts have been of much assistance during the summer to the sanitary committee in making periodical inspections of the houses.

For the younger children a kindergarten class under volunteer supervision has been held every forenoon. It is expected that next summer a paid kindergarten teacher will be employed.

For the past two weeks a tennis tournament has been in progress, causing mild enthusiasm among the spectators. There were no very close contests. The men's doubles were won by Messrs. Anderson and Hearn; mixed doubles by Miss Bagby and Mr. McMillan; men's singles by Mr. Day.

Lien Ping-yong, the chauffeur of the \$2,200 cumsha, driver of the quartet of armed highwaymen who negotiated the \$21,000 gold bar robbery on Robinson Road Saturday morning, appeared in the Mixed Court yesterday. He was charged with complicity in the affair and remanded until Sept. 10. Mr. Godfrey appeared for the Gold Merchants' Guild and asked for the remand. He stated that at the present time it was not advisable to go further into the facts of the case. The gold bars were the property of the Ta Poong Tuen gold shop, 119 Nan-king Road, and were being taken in a carriage by two apprentices to the Ferry Road smelter. Lien, employed by a Hupeh Road garage, was given one of the bars by the robbers.

### Music For Today

Two performances by the Public Band will be given today, weather permitting, programs as follows:

- (a) In the Public Garden at 5.30 p.m.
  1. March, "Jocks' Patrol" Godfrey
  2. Overture, "Tancered" Rossini
  3. Waltz, "Love's Last Word" Cremieux
  4. Selection, "The Spring Chicken" Carrill
  5. "Serenade" ..... Leonevallo
  6. Selection, "The Gondollers" Sullivan
- (b) In the Hongkew Recreation Ground at 9 p.m.
  1. March, "Mandalay" Franklin
  2. Overture, "Les Dragons de Villars" ..... Mallart
  3. Waltz, "Mon Reve" Waldeufel
  4. Selection, "Carson" ..... Bizet
  5. Song, "Love's Old Sweet Song" Molloy
  6. (a) One Step, "Some Smoke" Romberg
  - (b) Romance, "Farewell" Pougher
  7. Waltz, "Grande Valse de Concert" Mattei
  8. Selection, "Reminiscence of Scotland" Godfrey
  - A. de Kryger, Conductor-in-Charge.

## Burning Movie Films Overcome Firemen

Blaze In Y.M.C.A. Laboratory  
Gives Brigade Hard Fight

Burning cinematograph films in the National Committee rooms of the Y.M.C.A. of China, 10 West End Lane, gave the fire brigade some difficult work Sunday, several firefighters being affected by the dense smoke. The fire broke out in a room on the first floor in the Lecture Department Laboratory and so fierce was the heat and smoke that the men on duty at the door of the room had to work in short shifts of two, using a special smoke driving nozzle. The films were stored in a cabinet and it was here that the blaze originated. The fire damage was confined to the one room but the lower portion of the building was considerably damaged by water.

An incense lamp, left burning by a coolie to chase away mosquitoes, fired some bedding and resulted in the destruction of three houses used as a cigarette factory at JE 206-7-8 East Yuhang Road and the partial destruction of two other places early yesterday morning. Nos. 1, 2 and 4 companies answered the call, which came at 2.02 a.m. They found the buildings well alight and got a number of jets to work to prevent spread of the flames to a row of buildings on Tongshan Road. Nos. JE 205 and 209, a firewood shop and a dwelling, were partly gutted.

## Turkish Subject Fined For Traffic In Opium

Harmer Dorfman Assessed \$400  
For Turning Over Drug To Chinese

Traffic in opium drew some heavy fines in the Mixed Court yesterday.

Harmer Dorfman, an Ottoman subject, who gave his occupation as that of a commercial traveller, of 11 Hou-fok Terrace, was fined \$400 for turning over six packages of the forbidden commodity to one Zu Young-kipling, shop assistant. Dorfman's houseboy, who was implicated, was fined \$100 and the shop man \$50. Mr. W. S. Fleming appeared in Dorfman's defence and entered a plea of guilty and suggested that a fine of \$100 would meet the case. Magistrate Wang and Assessor Byrne, however, thought that \$400, with the alternative of nine months' imprisonment, would be more fitting.

### Obituary

Rev. Ling Tsz-ien

Special Correspondence of the China Press  
Changchow, Ku., September 1.—The Christian community is deeply grieved over the death of Rev. Ling Tsz-ien of the Methodist Church. His death was caused by an attack of amoebic dysentery. He was taken to the Wush Hospital and everything possible was done to effect his recovery but to no avail. His youngest child is also sick with the same disease. His death is all the sadder because the church he was serving will soon have completed a new church building and also a home for the pastor. He had taken great interest in both and had for the most part planned and directed the building of the latter. He was one of the leading pastors in the Southern Methodist Church.

### Unclaimed Cablegrams

Eastern Telegraph Co.  
August:  
7th—H. W. Vanshouwenburg, Steamship Rembrandt; New York.  
9th—Wanchaochai Tjongyenlong; Medan.  
12th—Tongeng Dispensary, Fourth Street; Bangkok.  
13th—Chaochin; New York.  
22nd—Hokhinlong; Semarang.  
27th—Tienchinchih, Shanghai-Nanking Railway; Malacca.  
29th—Thumming, c/o D. Davis; Penang.  
31st—Kwongfootay, Klukiang Road; Hongkong.

## MARTIN'S APIOL-STEEL PILLS

A French Remedy for all irregularities. These pills of Martin's are a boon to all who suffer from the irregularities of the system. They are a sure and safe remedy for all cases of irregularity. They are a sure and safe remedy for all cases of irregularity. They are a sure and safe remedy for all cases of irregularity.

## CHANGCHOW NEWS NOTES

Special To The China Press

Changchow, Ku., September 1.—The schools of the city, both those of the Government and those run by the church, are opening up after the Summer Vacation and so far as I have learned the attendance is good. Some of the schools are very wisely putting more practical work in their curricula. Mistakes are

being made no doubt but it is encouraging to see how well the Chinese are taking hold of the educational problem.

The country folk seem to be in good spirits as they have had and are still having a good season. Prospects for the autumn crops are encouraging.

Our people are delighted over the new schedule of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway. Even the East begins to hustle. Not many years

ago it took two nights and a day to make the trip one way to Shanghai. Now we can breakfast and dinner at home and still spend over four hours shopping in the metropolis.

One hears very little re the political situation or the country having entered the war. From all appearances we could not be accused of being belligerents. None of the recent movements has come near enough to cause alarm.

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DURING these unusual and strenuous times every dollar of every man's money should be at work—and, not only at work, but every dollar should be earning the maximum interest consistent with safety.

If your money is not earning seven per cent, it is not invested as profitably as it should be.

These are times demanding the greatest economy and requiring that the greatest care be taken to secure safe and profitable investment for all money not required for immediate use.

If your money is not profitably invested, if it is not giving you 7 per cent, write us for investment information.

## GOLD INVESTMENTS

We have for sale in amounts of G.\$10 or more Preference Shares paying interest at 7% per annum.

## TAEL INVESTMENTS

We have for sale in amounts of Tls. 100.00 or more Debentures paying interest at 7%.

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Near French Park. Containing five rooms, three bedrooms, two bathrooms with latest modern fittings, garden, tennis, etc. Tls. 125. per month from October 1st.

## HOUSES FOR SALE

ON ROUTE VALLON, containing dining and drawing rooms, large halls, 4 bedrooms with built in closets and cupboards, 3 tiled bathrooms with latest modern fittings, large veranda and servants' quarters, garden, tennis, etc. Tls. 25,000.

ON ROUTE VALLON, containing drawing room, dining room, three bedrooms, two bathrooms, garden and tennis court. Tls. 16,000.

ON ROUTE VALLON, containing drawing room, dining room, four bedrooms, three baths with modern fittings, large closets, maid's room, servants' quarters, all screened. Garden and tennis court. Tls. 20,000.

ON ROUTE CORNEILLE, containing drawing room, dining room, three bedrooms, two bathrooms with modern fittings, garden and tennis. Tls. 20,000.

## LAND FOR SALE

ON ROUTE SAY ZOONG, 2½ mow suitable for foreign residence. ON RUE LAFAYETTE, 10 mow suitable for one or more foreign residences.

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Let us draw your will today. If you put it off till too late, your property may not be divided as you would like to have it.

Cut this out and mail it to us.

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Gentlemen,

I should like information on the subject against which I have marked a cross (X).

<input type="checkbox"/>	A Safe Investment for \$.....
<input type="checkbox"/>	Life Insurance
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Signed .....

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## The "Three Castles" VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

The "most famous, renowned and ever worthy of all memory for her courage, learning, judgement and virtue," Queen Elizabeth was pleased to call the newly discovered country of Wingandacia - Virginia. So to this Queen "of happy memory" at least one owes the half of those enticing words Virginia Cigarettes, but if you will then prefix the name "Three Castles" you shall have the choicest Brand than which none else is half enough enticing. "THREE CASTLES" Virginia Cigarettes renowned the world over are recognised by the man who knows to be the product of unfailing judgement and virtuous endeavour, unsurpassed and unsurpassable in purity which bringeth honour to the makers.

There's no sweeter Tobacco comes from Virginia and no better Brand than the "THREE CASTLES".  
W.A. Thackeray "The Virginians"

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BRISTOL AND LONDON  
— ENGLAND. —

(This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd.)



UNITED STATES BEGINS  
TO WORRY GERMANSSome Newspapers Still Scoff,  
But Others Frankly Tell  
Of Our Strength

Amsterdam, August 2.—With the fourth year of the war now under way, the Germans are giving more attention than ever to the part America possibly will play. While some newspapers attempt to belittle the efforts of the United States, others tell the people of the resourcefulness of that Nation and advise against underrating its fighting strength. The papers agree, however, that military activities by American troops cannot be expected until 1918.

"Don't let us make a mistake," say the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette. "There is much bluff about American armaments, but arming she is and she will come across."

The Hamburger Nachrichten warns the Americans that when they come "they will be reminded of the fate of the Rumanians."

## Over A Billion Foes

The military critic of the Munchener Neueste Nachrichten says nothing is more foolish than arrogantly to underestimate America's strength, regrets that British diplomacy has been more successful than the German and regards America as Britain's greatest gain, there being now 1,350,000,000 foes against Germany's 150,000,000.

The Frankfurter Zeitung believes that America will be able to raise a large army. This paper is more concerned with internal affairs, remarking that the war is causing general impoverishment of the people, is undermining the middle classes, causing a disappearance of countless trade and producing a baneful growth of trusts.

"The promise once light heartedly given by the nation to hold out," the paper adds, "now becomes categorically imperative."

There also is still a demand for electoral reform in Prussia, and Chancellor Michaelis, now in Munich, is quoted in the Neueste Nachrichten as promising that the problem will reach a solution as soon as the Emperor returns from the front, but that it is impossible to proceed hastily.

## After The War? Advice

The Germans are warned by the Finance Minister to look beyond the end of the war to economic rehabilitation.

"Export much and import little," is the motto he suggests, adding that Germany already has expended \$25,500,000,000 on the war, and that the interest on this sum plus war pensions would be about \$1,750,000,000 yearly. He said it would be extremely difficult to picture the economic effect on the Empire of raising this sum in addition to the \$1,250,000,000 raised yearly before the war.

## Sicawei Weather Report

2.—Fine weather with relatively intense and oppressive heat. In the Yangtze valley where the barometers have moderately fallen. In the South, a large area of low pressures covers the coasts of Luzon and the China Sea, a typhoon might develop in it later.

3.—Calm, cloudy damp and hot night. Fine weather, clearing up gradually since sunrise Barometer still falling.

Monday, September 3, 1917.

## WEATHER 4 a.m. 9 a.m.

Bar. at Centg. mm.	754.56	755.63
Bar. at Centg. inches.	29.71	29.75
Variation mm for 24h	-2.12	-2.20
Variation mm for 12h	-1.30	-0.15
Wind—Direction	W	SSW
Wind—Kilom per hour	10	23
Wind—Miles	6.2	14.3
Temperature—Gen	26° 8'	31° 2'
Temperature—Fah	80.3	88.2
Humidity: co	98	73
Nebulosity 5-10	10	5
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

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## INDOOR SPORTS

By Tad

NO YELLOW STREAKS  
IN HER THREE BOYS'I Look On This War As God's  
Laundry,' Chicago Mother  
Writes Board

Chicago, August 2.—Mrs. Mary J. Lamb, who lives at No. 1116 Columbia Avenue, has given three sons to her country and is only sorry that her fourth is too young to serve. She wrote this to Exemption Board No. 57, adding:

"I think I am doing my bit by seeing that there are no slackers or yellow streaks in my manly, brave, willing and America-loving sons. It makes me disgusted with womanhood to hear so many selfish mothers voice their terrors. No mother loves her sons more than I, but I look at this war as God's laundry."

The letter will be forwarded by L. D. Wallace to President Wilson. It was sent by Mrs. Lamb in reply to the communication of the exemption board asking that her son, one of the 233 drawn report for examination. He and his two brothers, however, had enlisted early in the summer.

## Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo from Hankow:—Mrs. Parry and child, Messrs. Charles Barry and Henry Barry.  
Per C.M. s.s. Hainchi from Fochow:—Mr. and Mrs. Lacy, Mr. and Mrs. Bowey, Mr. and Mrs. Engel, Messrs. Odell and W. S. Bissonette.  
Per C.N. s.s. Shuntien from Tientsin:—Mrs. Toogood, Mrs. Simons and 2 children, and Miss Neech. From Chefoo:—Mrs. Arnold, Mr. Edwards, Miss Biggam, Mrs. Mosca and child.

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Pyorrhoea is a Filthy Disease of the  
mouth causing loss of Teeth.

The symptoms of the disease in the first stages are not easily recognised by the victim, but in the secondary and subsequent stages it is easy for the sufferer to recognise the symptoms.

Sure signs of the disease are inflamed gums, at times sensitive and sore, though not always so, and bleeding easily when tooth pick or tooth brush is used.

Pus pockets form, likely along the edges of the gums on the sides of the teeth next of the tongue, from which white or yellowish pus may be forced by pressure of the fingers against the gums.

Later the gums shrivel up and recede from the teeth. Once the disease finds lodgment in the mouth it steadily increases and spreads from tooth to tooth, unless stopped by careful treatment by a Dentist who understands the subject.

Now Dear Reader: If you have found anything curious about your own teeth and do not know the cause don't delay but call on me at once and let me diagnose the fault and if necessary assist you to a cure.

Call immediately at

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DENTAL OFFICE

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Mrs. Bartolini and child, Messrs. Poant and Hurry, From Weihaiwei:—Mrs. Howell and 4 children, Mrs. Darrook and child, Mrs. Petch and child, Mr. and Mrs. Craven, Dr. Marsh, Messrs. Truman, V. Meyer, Ibert Phillip and Walter.

Per C.N. s.s. Wuchang from Hankow:—Mr. W. B. Haughwout.  
Per C.N. s.s. Sinking from Hongkong:—Dr. Darrat, Messrs. Stringer, Romero and Plunkett Cole.

Per I.C. s.s. Loongwo from Klu-Kiang:—Miss G. Lewis, Dr. Henry Fowler, Master Lewis, Miss Fullerton, Miss M. S. Mitchell, and Miss N. A. Leather.

Per s.s. — from Vancouver, Japan, etc.:—Mr. J. Atkinson, Miss D. C. Badgley, Mr. L. B. Connor, Mr. C. S. Chen, Miss T. Culver, Mr. A. R. Connolly, Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Hicks and child, Mr. G. McIntosh, Mr. R. V. McCarty, Mr. J. L. Cowen, Mr. and Mrs. Dake and child, Miss M. Graham, Miss E. Neville, Miss C. Park, Miss M. Shulton, Miss P. Stribling, Mr. R. Vandenberg, Mr. H. Vaneck, Miss R. Wilson, Mr. C. E. Winking, Miss L. Young, Mr. C. Starling, Mr. Venter, Miss B. M. Webber, Miss E. Kendall, Miss E. Tyler, Mr. J. Anderson, Miss and Master Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Shirazi.

Per s.s. — from Hongkong:—Mr. A. M. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. F. Bowley and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. W. Baldwin, Mr. A. B. Cavalier, Mrs. W. Davey, Lieut. J. Hunt, Miss E. Hutchison, Mr. C. S. Huang, Miss B. Knight, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Milne, Mr. D. Naftaly, Mr. R. Rose, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Rodriguez, Mr. A. Stevenson, Mr. A. C. Selmon, Mrs. L. C. Winters and 2 children, Mr. R. H. Kotewall, Mr. P. Klingsmith, Mr. A. M. Kirby, Dr. and Mrs. W. Kock, Mr. J. A. Lilley, Mr. W. E. Little, Rev. G. H. Lander, Miss Lander, Mrs. Leung, Mrs. F. Maitland, Mr. Y. Mikami, Mr. H. Moroney, Mr. J. H. Jody, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McDonald and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. H. Nelson, Miss A. Nelson, Mrs. R. Posner, Mr. P. C. Potts, Mr. C. K. Parker, Col. J. A. Pearce, Mr. J. Pestonjee, Col. W. H. Paine, Mr. and Mrs. S. Reinschreiber, Mrs. B. and Miss Stevenson, Miss E. Sissons, Mr. F. Seadagotta, Miss F. Stevens, and Col. M. E. Smith.

Per C.N. s.s. Hain Ningshao from Ningpo:—Mr. Selar.  
Per C.N. s.s. Tatum from Hankow:—Mr. and Mrs. Cosbitt and child, Mrs. Banister, Misses Ratcliffe and Griston, Mr. Bishop.  
Per H.O. s.s. Changon from Hankow:—Messrs. (2) Murry.

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## CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

## Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen.

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse. It causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

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## Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."  
J. E. STEVENSON, M. D.,  
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"Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, and always obtain the desired result."  
F. GERRARD BLATTNER, M. D.,  
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"A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."  
J. S. ALEXANDER, M. D.,  
Omaha, Neb.

"Have used your Castoria on various occasions in suitable cases and have found it a palatable and efficient laxative, especially in the various diseases of childhood."  
GEORGE EDWARD GARDNER, M. D.,  
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"Four Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."  
J. A. BOARMAN, M. D.,  
Kansas City, Mo.

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Anti-corrosive coating for  
iron and steel.

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A quick-drying, perfect, flat,  
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## WEATHER

Fine and hot weather, but with  
threats of thunderstorms during  
the day in the Northern and  
Central districts. Rough weather  
on the China Sea, especially be-  
tween the Paracels and Indo-  
China.

## IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, SEPTEMBER 4, 1917

## The Guarantees Of Peace

(New York Times)

HALL Caine is in agreement with most Englishmen and most Americans, we imagine, when he says that "humanity asks nothing of peace now but what it took into war three years ago—the desire for justice, freedom, and security." He does not present a very good argument against the demands for complete restitution and full reparation for the damage Germany has done in Belgium and Northern France. Justice demands of Germany the fullest possible restitution and reparation, but since at the end of the war she will be an impoverished and bankrupt nation, there is little use in talking about exacting indemnities.

But for whom does Hall Caine speak when he utters the sentiment embodied in this passage which we reprint from his article:

"In like manner some of us who are not to be counted among the pacifists see no hope for peace in the demand for annexations. It is certainly true that Alsace-Lorraine was torn from France but yesterday. It may also be true that emancipated Russia, after her centuries of enslavement, must take Constantinople if she is not to be shut up half the year within her frozen cemeteries. But neither France nor England entered upon this war to readjust bad settlements of former conflicts, and the experiences of the last three years must teach us that our newest and greatest ally, America, will go out of it, without counting old scores, on the first day we can make a righteous peace secure. Security! Security! Security! That is all America will ask for."

Mr. Hall Caine perhaps remembers "The Man o' Airlie":  
He wore a coat o' hoddin' gray,  
His hands were hard wi' labor,  
But oh! he had an honest way  
Of standin' by his neighbor.

The alliance is a rope of sand if it does not assure to France the territories wrested from her by a brutal conqueror forty-six years ago. That is not conquest, it is not annexation, it is restitution. More than all and above all it is security for the future, security for England as well as for the United States. If Alsace-Lorraine is left in the hands of Germany, with what sanction can the Allies now demand of her the evacuation of Belgium, the restoration of Serbia and Rumania to their people, or even the surrender of French territory now occupied, should peace be concluded before the Germans have been driven out?

Hall Caine is mistaken. The reparation of old wrongs is an important element in those objects of justice, freedom and security for which the Allies are fighting. England is responsible for some old wrongs, or at least old blunders, for which she now has a fine opportunity to make reparation. When the Prussian sword hung over France Thiers made his hurried and wonderful tour of neutral Europe in quest of assistance. He visited London. He pointed out to the British Government that it was against English interests, a menace to England, to permit the Germans to crush and despoil France, that

by holding aloof she was aiding and abetting the creation of a great Central Empire with which she herself might have to reckon. Polite expressions of friendly interest, assurances of deep regret that England was not free to intervene even to the extent of remonstrating, and exhortations to be of good courage were all the help Thiers got from England.

He visited St. Petersburg. Tsar Alexander II. was also profuse in his expressions of sympathy. He admitted that Russia would regard with grave concern the development of a great and military empire in the heart of Europe, but unfortunately there were complications, commitments and embarrassments which made any form of intervention impossible. The Republican France of today would not have asked help in vain. Napoleon III. was not in the best standing in royal and imperial circles; that largely explains the failure of Thiers' mission. In other words, Great Britain and Russia allowed personal consideration to persuade them to throw to the dogs the balance of power doctrine about which upon other occasions they had been so solicitous.

Again Great Britain blundered and took sides against civilization and humanity when Lord Beaconsfield eight years later intervened to rob Russia of the fruits of her victory over Turkey and by the hateful readjustments of the Congress of Berlin, whence he and Lord Salisbury boasted that they had brought back to England "peace with honor," sowed in the Balkans as if with deliberation the seeds from which sprang this destructive war. Before his death Lord Salisbury had come to such a pitch of impatience with the doings of the unspeakable Turk that he admitted England's part in the Crimean War to have been a mistake. "We backed the wrong horse," he said; decidedly they backed many wrong horses in the Berlin Congress settlement.

There can be no drawing back in this war until its purposes have been assured. Justice, freedom and security—those are the aims of the Allies. Hall Caine is right about that, but justice, freedom and security will not have been attained if peace leaves Germany in a position to rebuild her damaged military structure and begin the work of devastation anew. We, of America, fight for justice, freedom and security, but we know that they cannot be had on the basis of the status quo, which is practically what Hall Caine's faint-hearted preaching implies. That would be a German peace. The United States went into the war to secure a peace that would be lasting, that would leave us free and unthreatened. If at the end of the war Germany stands where she did there will be no justice, freedom or security for us or for any of the Allies.

## Disease Under Control

We are right sorry to hear that the ex-Tsar of Russia is to be isolated, as we do not believe that tsarism is contagious any more.—Grand Rapids Press

## Good For One Meal

"So your new cook came this afternoon. Do you think you can keep her long?"

"Well, she can't get any train back now till tomorrow morning."—Baltimore American.

## Raw

Officer—"That's a pretty awkward lot you've got now, Sergeant."  
Sergeant—"Tried Sergeant-Instructor—  
"They are that, sir. It's the like o' them, sir, as brings 'ome to us what a horrible thing this war is, sir!"—Passing Show.

## Other Days, Other Ways

"Who touches a hair of yon gray head  
Dies like a dog. March on!" he said.  
Stonewall Jackson, we must confess.  
Didn't go in for frightfulness.  
—Louisville Courier Journal.

## Obvious

Old Lady—"Why can't the Admiralty tell us how many submarines have been sunk?"  
Jack—"Well, y' see mum, we can't spare enough divers to walk about the bottom of the sea and count 'em!"—Passing Show.

## Clever Mother

A visitor to a certain Brooklyn household was duly amazed by the wonderful likeness between the twins.  
"Why," she gasped, "I never saw two children look so much alike! How does your mother tell you apart?"  
"Well," explained Tommy, "she finds out by spanking us. Clarence hollers louder than I do."—Oakland Engleer.

## God Save Ireland! By Major Stuart-Stephens

(The English Review)

Somewhere down the broad white road that links up Queenstown with Cork City I heard a cry ring out: "Tis the Dubs!" In an instant the highway was overflowing with the peasantry from a roadside hamlet, swarming forward in the dust-clouds raised by the passage of one of the new battalions of my old regiment, the Royal Dublin Fusiliers. With the green flag of Erin and its golden harp waving over them, and to the inspiring strains of the Fenian anthem, "God Save Ireland!" strode past a thousand and splendid examples of an ancient fighting race. Yet when I was in the Service the wearing of the green, the shamrock, in uniform was punished as a military crime of the first magnitude. Green colors were unthinkable, and the playing of "God Save Ireland!" by a regimental band would have been regarded as high treason and rank mutiny. Truly the times had changed! And why not?

Ever so many years ago I heard from the Strangers' Gallery in the Mother of Parliaments a very juvenile, impulsive member of the Parnellite Party, boiling over with anti-Saxon sentiment, cheer the unpleasant tidings which had that night arrived from the man-eating Soudan, the tale of how Fuzzy-Wuzzy had broken a British square. Yet only the other morn in the memorable cockpit of Europe the same Irish Catholic Nationalist Member of Parliament, when leading his battalion at the forefront of an English army, consecrated with his life-blood the obliteration of centuries-long feuds between the Orange North and the Rebel South. Oh, yes; surely the times have changed.

Knighthood to Sir Thomas Tom Fool who, as mayor of his city, backed and bowed on the occasion of the opening of a new municipal laundry, the incarnation of British Bumbledom. A K.C.M.G. flung to a Colonial company promoter, who had sagely remembered that there were such things as party funds. A civil K.C.B. to Sir Harry Half Margin, who had warned the chair of prominent officialdom for a couple of decades. Such entries in the "Honors List" have made and have with the glory of this Old World title. But if the Sovereign conferred a posthumous knighthood on the late Major William Redmond, M.P., I could almost dare to fancy that the dim vaults and monumental shrines of many an old English cathedral would give forth an approving murmur as the sleeping paladins of Agincourt and Waterloo welcomed a kindred knightly spirit to their—alas!—oft desecrated roll.

Yes, these British soldiers of the Ancient Faith have in this Titanic blood-letting again made manifest that religion is not a useless component in the trade of the fighting man. Words of a great soldier are worth quoting on this point. "Your troops," said one Oliver Cromwell to Hampden, "are most of them old decayed serving men and tapsters and such kind of fellows. You must get men who have the fear of God like the Catholic Irish before them, and some proper concern as to what they do, or our army will be invariably beaten by that, as it has been, of the King."

When Lord Roberts introduced a measure advocating universal military service it was opposed by Lord Lansdowne, who maintained that "if you establish general military service in England and Scotland you must extend it to Ireland, and that would endanger the State." In effect, the military weakness of Ireland was held to be England's strength. The day after Lord Lansdowne delivered himself of this remarkable view as to Ireland's military potentialities I dug out of the House of Lords Journals a speech of the victor of Waterloo on Catholic emancipation in the sister Isle. And this is what the Protestant Tory Duke of Wellington said:

"It is already well known to your lordships that of the troops which our gracious Sovereign did me the honor to entrust to my command during the Peninsular War, at least one-half were Roman Catholics. My lords, when I call your recollection to this fact, I am sure that all further eulogy is unnecessary. Your lordships are well aware for what length of period and under what difficult circumstances they maintained the Empire buoyant upon the flood which overwhelmed the thrones and wrecked the institutions of every other people, but these Irish soldiers kept alive the only spark of freedom which was unextinguished in Europe. My lords, I declare that it is mainly to these Irish Catholics that we owe all our proud predominance in our military career, and that I personally am indebted for the laurels with which you have been pleased to decorate my brow. We must confess, my lords, that without Catholic blood and Catholic valor no victory could have ever been obtained, and the first military talents might have been exerted in vain."

There is no need to add to that illustrious testimony. Do not many miles of graves near by in ravaged fields bear witness to its abiding truth?

Let us see how the Home Rule question affects our new fighting Ally, the United States. The membership of the Clan-na-Gael, which is actively, directly or indirectly, in league with Germany through antagonism to Great Britain, does not exceed half a million, but the number of Irish in the United States who feel strongly on the delay in granting Home Rule is very large. There are today living under the Stars and Stripes some million and a half people who were born in Ireland, and there are now in the States more Home Rulers whose parents or grandparents were born in Ireland than the population at home of either Nationalist or Orange Ireland. And nearly all of them or their forbears crossed the Atlantic because of grievances for which they held Dublin Castle responsible. In intelligence and enterprise the Irish-American leads all other communities, and any cause that ways so important a racial section of the Union cannot be ignored in politics or the conduct of the Government in Washington. For complete support of a vigorous American war program more than six million Irish-Americans of anti-extreme views demand as a return that the United States Government should use America's entry into the war as a lever upon the English Cabinet to exact an immediate and complete Home Rule Bill.

When, therefore, Washington expresses to London a lively hope that a rapid solution of the Irish question is in the air, it is not because of any idea of impertinent interference in Britain's domestic affairs but that the United States is seeking to unite to its war policy its Irish-American citizens, and to remove all opposition to an unsparing war carried on until it brought about the downfall of German military autocracy. For America has not gone to war merely to avenge a Prussian submarine commander's bloody fantasy. Nor is she proposing to send across the Atlantic a host of armed United States citizens for the purpose of winning back Alsace and Lorraine for her sister republic. Also—and let the brutal truth be told—Columbia would never allow her sons to be sent to death on European battlefields did she not regard her share in the conflict as an operation of international order and police.

The American people, I am assured by many representative exponents of what that people's real war policy is, hold themselves outside the views of England as to the enlargement of her strategic frontiers in the Middle East or those of Italy on the Adriatic or Mediterranean. The sole concern America has in this war is the securing, by the defeat of the Central Empire, the safety of the great Western democracy, which would be confronted by a deadly peril if Germany was able to impose upon the Allies an indecisive peace. And to save such a consummation to this world struggle America must be truly united. She dare not ignore the desires of six millions of the ablest and most important of her citizens, and who, moreover, are racially possessed of the military qualities indispensable in the improvisation of a huge national army.

There will be no evasion possible on the part of the British Government in the final movement to satisfy the demands of a majority of the sea-divided Irish Gael. American pressure will become irresistible during the next few weeks. During the last month I have been privileged to meet in London on not a few occasions an eminent American man of letters who occupies the Chair of History in one of the New England Universities. He has crossed the ocean to hold outside the precincts of the Irish Convention an informal watching brief for a very influential statesman who is not unknown to the President. It is safe to say that he is Wilson's St. Peter. No private American citizen was ever so close to the Chief Magistrate of the Republic. Brushing aside governor-making, president-making, and president-assisting and the mystery of his influence (if it is a mystery) over Woodrow Wilson,

there are graver matters in the political influence of this personage about which this article is concerned. He is a keen student of Irish history. He holds that the whole fabric of society and government in Ireland has been wrong from the very beginning of the English conquest, and must be swept away by an intellectual tidal wave. Holding this view in regard to unhappy Ireland, I think he may not inaccurately be described as being nearer in sympathy with the Hibernian Intellectuals, otherwise Sinn Feiners, than any other Irish political or social party. He holds that the attempt to win Irish freedom as the paradoxical result of a German victory was a betrayal of Celtic ideals. He maintains that for the Irish Celt to become a pro-German would involve a change of soul so radical as to amount to de-Celticisation.

To quash finally any Irish-German entente, the American alumni to whom I am referring has brought with him, and allowed me to see, certain documents the perusal of which leaves no doubt in my mind that the Sinn Feiners were deluded with promises of military support as illusory as Mr. Lloyd George's promises of thoroughgoing Home Rule Constitution. They received a message from Berlin promising the landing in Ireland a week after Casement's arrival of 36,000 troops. And in the meantime they sent as earnest of better things a small, slow, leaky old tramp carrying a cargo of obsolete Russian rifles, which were selling at Liege before the war for seven shillings each. The Sinn Feiners gave everything, the Germans gave nothing. All they wanted was to create a temporary diversion, and so a dozen or more dreamers and poets were interviewed by a firing-party to make a Berlin holiday. My friend has descended on the Irish capital with evidence that will sensibly damp Sinn Fein revolutionary histrionics, but not Sinn Fein ambitions and ideals for a New Ireland, an Ireland free and reunited at last, which would enjoy the happiness which her sons' blood-sacrifices have earned.

And let me remind my readers once more that Colonel House is the power behind the great Republic of the West. A curious development of this American confidential mission to the Sinn Feiners is the cryptic despatch of Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M.P., to Washington. He sailed from these shores somewhere about the second week in June, and up to the moment of writing—June 14—not a hint as to his having been sent has reached the Press. Feeling certain that his presence in the States cannot possibly be hidden from the ubiquitous New York reporter until the appearance of this issue of The English Review, I now give publicity to the fact in this article, as the reason for the "Star's" semi-diplomatic mission to America is mainly concerned in "dishing" Sinn Fein opposition to the Dublin All-Ireland Convention. Speaking for myself, and not in the least as one reflecting on the Sinn Fein view of this very remarkable episode in the history of the present time, I venture to believe that this mysterious spiriting off to Washington of Mr. T. P. O'Connor by Mr. Lloyd George will prove to be a tactical mistake.

Those few of my readers who have any inkling of the intrigues and counter-intrigues which are simmering in the melting-pot of the coming Convention will readily grasp my meaning when I write "a tactical mistake," for it is not wholly impossible that this latest of "Tay Pay's" many Transatlantic voyages has been undertaken without the knowledge of his Parliamentary leader—another example of the atmosphere of glorified secretiveness in which our present rulers live and move and have their being. When this appears in print it will, I suppose, be public property that Mr. O'Connor is "on the other side," and that his ambassadorial status is even more puzzling to inquisitive gentlemen of the Transatlantic "Fourth Estate" than that of that other eminent disciple of Talleyrand, Lord Northcliffe. For the American-Irish are suspicious of semi-official confidential envoys from Downing Street. It is only during the last couple of months, since the Republic's entry into the war, that the almost universal suspicion, if not frank hostility, that prevailed for so many years in America throughout the Irish community has begun to weaken. I also have been in the States on secret missions, and I have returned to these rain-washed isles bringing with me no illusions as to our Irish-American cousins being cousins in heart as well as in relationship. No, I found that the feel-

ing against England was more deep-rooted than any other feeling—that it was an instinct and not a reason, and consequently possessed the dogged strength of unreasoning antipathy. When I went to the States some years ago, in order to obtain by hook or by crook an

opinion as to the military potentialities of the Irish-American societies in the event of Britain being drawn into the vortex of a vast European struggle, I found the opportunity to talk with every class of American Celt. Here is his story: (Continued on Page 7)

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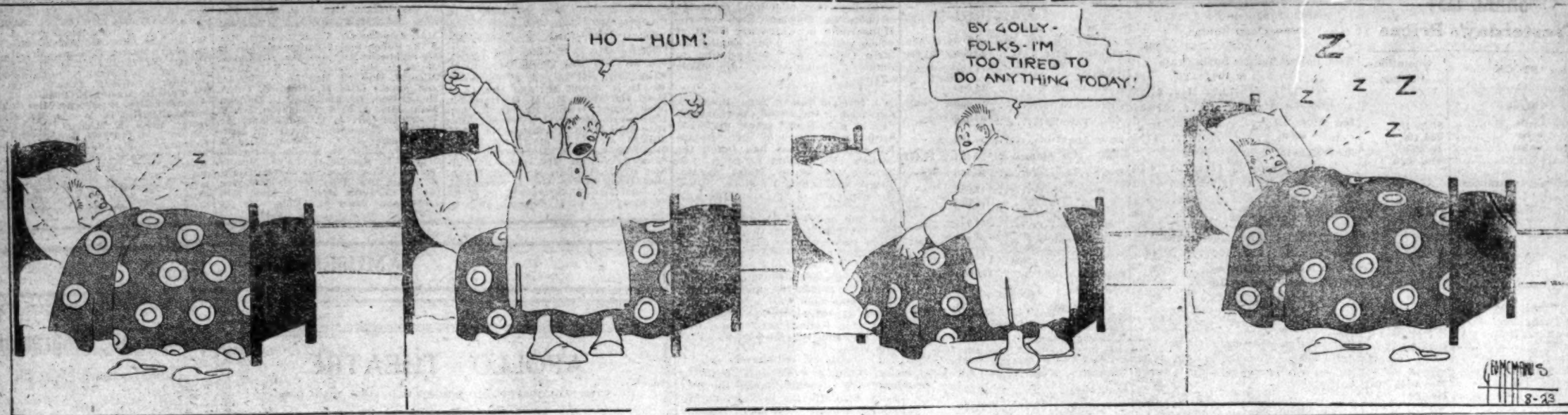
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By George McManus



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## God Save Ireland!

(Continued from Page 6)

His father or his grandfather or his great-grandfather had left green Erin because his landlord preferred meadows and sheep-walks in Ireland to him and his. He or his forbear did not leave as one from a household to establish a branch connection across the ocean; he went away by families, by clans, by kith and kin, for ever and for aye; he made the journey in leaky, fever-infected vessels, called in the phrase of those emigration days "coffin ships," and he landed in the New World with dark thoughts against Irish land laws and with hate in his heart of English supremacy in his loved Motherland. When I met him in the New World it mattered little to England that he had bettered himself and had grown rich—that was his affair. All my business with him, on behalf of the land that had driven him from his sanctified acres, was that I greatly desired to know if his Clan-na-Gael and his Eghlan Brotherhood and his Ancient Order of Hibernians were capable of giving us trouble if ever we were engaged in a deadly struggle against Prussian despotism.

In this connection I feel tempted to descend to a personal detail. During the process of combing out the opinions of the Irish-American anti-British military organisations I was honored by an invitation to break bread with the Galway Club in New York City. I presented myself at the feast as an avowed enemy of its promoters. These were the late Patrick Ford, editor and proprietor of that fire-eating Fenian organ The Irish World, the local chiefs of the Clan-na-Gael, and a goodly contingent of ex-Fenian convicts. That night, at Sherry's restaurant, when the tablecloths had been removed, Hiberno-American oratory outpoured itself, and when a certain General O'Reilne stood up and proposed that, to the toast of "To Hades with Queen Victoria," the contents of our wineglasses should travel down their duly appointed paths, I thought it was time for me to discover that I had a pressing appointment elsewhere that particular evening. Actuated by this

timely memory, I sent up my card to the chairman of this most, to my mind, treasonable function and asked permission to withdraw. My pencilled message on the back of my pasteboard was understood by old Pat Ford, who, despite his ravings, was in private life a most kindly old Galway man. He sent me back a sympathetic message regretting that the "boys" had commenced their display of fireworks: "Of course, I cannot in the least expect you, as a British officer, to stay with your ears open." I had proceeded to a vestibule wherein to invest myself in the fur coat necessary to a New York winter night, when came to me one Captain Edward O'Meara Condon, who blurted out: "Are you going to leave us like that, Captain?" I received his remark with somewhat mixed feelings, as this particular member of the Clan-na-Gael of grim purposes had been sentenced many years before in Manchester to the pleasant experience of being hanged, drawn, and quartered. This was when, on receiving his sentence, he advanced to the front of the dock and, with uplifted right hand, his voice rang through the fog-shrouded court, "God save Ireland!" and it was that defiant expression of faith in his nationality and religion that afterwards served as the motif of the late T. D. Sullivan's world-famed Hibernian "Marseillaise," the hymn of the "Manchester Martyrs;" and to this day wherever Nationalist Irishmen dine, whether in Cork or Calcutta, their reunion on the name-day of holy Saint Patrick finishes with the crash of "God save Ireland!"

"Whether on the scaffold high  
Or the battlefield we die,  
Oh! what matter when for Erin  
dear we fall."  
I endeavored to excuse myself; but it was little use, for before I could ejaculate "God save the Queen!" an Italian waiter had, in some mysterious fashion, smuggled into the cloak-room a couple of chairs and a small table which proudly bore on its upper surface a bottle of James Jamieson's Dublin whisky and a syphon of Manhattan mineral water. While the British Empire was being demolished in theory in the dining-hall of festivity, a British officer and an ex-Fenian convict (Condon on his respite from the death sentence had

served nearly a score of years' penal servitude) sat and drank to each other's healths as members of a not too doubtful race. From which it may be inferred that the writer gets on with all sorts and conditions of his countrymen, as he had done and as he hopes he will do when attending, for The English Review, the belated Irish Convention.

Let me now, at this date (I am writing on June 15th), anticipate a proposed scheme for the administration of a new Ireland. God save her! The plan of certain of my friends who have honored me with their confidence is one based on the Constitution as conceived by the signatories of the American Declaration of Independence. A Federal scheme of government tempered by the conservative safeguards of one of the greatest of Columbia's statesmen, time-honored Hamilton. Ireland would be composed of States, not counties, each having its governor, and each sending Congressmen to a Central Congress at College Green, the country and city of Dublin being, as Washington, D.C. A President, who might suitably be Prince Arthur of Connaught, would be elected for a term of five years—a period which would possibly be sufficient to allow the new order of things to shake down, so to speak. A second, and after-presidential election would be for the purpose of electing the Chief Magistrate for three years. The question of Ireland's foreign relations would, as with the Boers until the retrocession of their Republic, be left in the possession of Downing Street. But the control of the customs, inland revenue, the various city police forces, and that superb semi-military body, the Royal Irish Constabulary, would be at the disposal of the new Irish Congress or Parliament.

Such a Constitution to the "distressed country" would be a bold, indeed an audacious, experiment in statesmanship; but it would be worth the trial, as events have since proved that master-stroke of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's when dealing with our once valiant enemies and now equally valiant fellow-subjects, the Dutch-Africans. The materialisation of the scheme thus outlined would, I am heart and soul convinced, indeed save Ireland. And call the country a Republic if the majority of its people so desire. What would it matter? All our great Dominions are so many Republics, of isles in fact, if not in name, otherwise if they had not been allowed to become so, they would have become by this time a number of independent, unconnected States, heaving but little relation to the Motherland, instead of being, as they are now, true Daughter States. Let us for a moment look at the lessons of their creation in the structure of our sea-spanned Empire. When Queen Victoria ascended that long and gloriously-kept throne of hers, Canada was in the throes of revolution. British and

French Canadians were cutting each other's throats with cheerful unanimity. The Parliament Houses of Montreal were burned down. It looked as if Our Lady of the Snows was about to separate from her Imperial family. A Home Rule Constitution was granted to the divided Dominion, and since then we know how our possession in North America has grown up to be one of the foremost pillars of the British Commonwealth.

Then, again, the miserable story of our defeat at Majuba and its aftermath, that terrible Boer War, where our friends and comrades, the soldier statesmen, Botha and Smuts, carved for themselves an imperishable record on the road of famous heaven-born soldiers. Home Rule has been by a brilliant stroke of genius grant-

ed to so long a turbid austral Africa with the result that our great outpost of Empire on the route to India has been saved to Britain.

Queen Victoria had, hardly occupied Windsor Castle more than a dozen years when revolution broke out in Australia, a revolution thinly disguised as "Mining Field Riots." We were then within an ace of losing that island continent, when the timely gift of Home Rule prevented another secession from the parent country.

The lesson stands written before us today. How will it be applied? God save Ireland indeed that the application of these lessons may be received in that spirit that alone will satisfy a country that was never destined geographically to separate her interests from the larger neighboring island.

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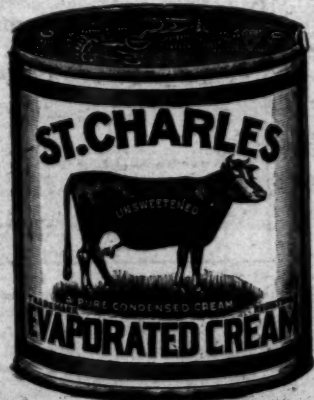
Not a decorative article.

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd.  
SHANGHAI



## Take No Chances With Your Milk Supply!

### Use a Safe Milk!



## ST. CHARLES EVAPORATED CREAM

may be utilized for all purposes where ordinary cows' milk would be used. St. Charles Cream comes from healthy cows raised under expert supervision. It is just pure rich milk, evaporated and condensed.

Connell Bros. Company

Agents for China



Dr. John Goddard  
Optician

Refracting  
and  
Manufacturing

Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses  
in  
Various Shades

W. T. Findley M. D.  
20, Nanking Road

### HUMPHREY AUTOMATIC HEATERS

HEAT WATER HOT INSTANTLY CHEAPLY



LATEST AUTOMATIC GAS  
WATER HEATERS

for Sale or Hire

Fixed in the basement, and connected to water and gas supply, a turn of the faucet in kitchen or bathroom automatically turns on Gas and Water. Call at the Show-Rooms and see installation at work. Get estimate for fixing.

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.  
29 Nanking Road.



## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

BENJAMIN AND POTTS  
SHARE LIST  
Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
<b>Banks</b>	
H. K. and S. B.	\$525 B.
Chartered	184 1/2
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy.	Tls. 6.30
<b>Marine Insurances</b>	
Canton	Tls. 320
North China	Tls. 100
Union of Canton	Tls. 760
Yangtze	\$185
<b>Fire Insurances</b>	
China Fire	\$133
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 300 B.
<b>Shipping</b>	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 100
Indo-China Def.	108.50 B. ex all
"Shell"	Tls. 18 S.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 46 1/2
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 34
Kochien	
<b>Mining</b>	
Kaiping	Tls. 9.60
Oriental Cons.	27.50 B.
Philippine	Tls. 50
Raub	\$2.60 S.
<b>Docks</b>	
Hongkong Dock	\$113 1/2 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 75
New Eng. Works	Tls. 12 B.
<b>Wharves</b>	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 67 S.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 74 B.
<b>Lands and Hotels</b>	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 84
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 74 S.
Weihsai Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	\$9 Sa.
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
<b>Cotton Mills</b>	
E-wu	Tls. 162 1/2 S.
E-wu Pref.	Tls. 90
International	Tls. 93
International (pref.)	Tls. 64
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 70
Oriental	Tls. 40
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 129 Sa.
Kang Yik	Tls. 14 1/2 B.
Yangtzeppoo	Tls. 5 B.
Yangtzeppoo Pref.	Tls. 90
<b>Industrials</b>	
Butler Tite	Tls. 23
China Sugar	\$95
Green Island	Tls. 7 B.
Langkai	Tls. 13 S.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 100 S.
<b>Stores</b>	
Hall and Holt	\$15 B.
Llewellyn	\$40
Lane, Crawford	\$100
Moutrie	\$35
Watson	\$6
Weeks	Tls. 154 S.
<b>Rubbers (Local)</b>	
Alma	Tls. 9
Amherst	Tls. 1 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 9 1/2
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 5 S.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 33 1/2 S.
Batu Anam	Tls. 0.90 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 3 B.
Bute	Tls. 1 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 11 1/2
Consolidated	Tls. 2.20 Sa.
Domination	Tls. 10
Gula Kalumpung	Tls. 6 1/2 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 10
Kamunting	Tls. 9
Kapala	Tls. 0.90
Kapayang	Tls. 27 1/2
Karan	Tls. 13 1/2
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 17
Kroewek Java	Tls. 13 1/2
Padang	Tls. 9
Pengkalan Duri	Tls. 3 1/2
Permatia	Tls. 1.10
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75 B.
Semambu	Tls. 14
Senawang	Tls. 1.15
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 80 cents
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7
Shai Malay Pref.	Tls. 12.20
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1.60
Sungala	Tls. 1.55
Sungei Duri	Tls. 11 1/2
Sua Manggis	Tls. 5 1/2
Shai Kalantan	Tls. 0.23 1/2
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.80
Taipin	Tls. 2
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.02 1/2 S.
Tebong	Tls. 18
Ulobri	Tls. 2 1/2
Ziangbe	Tls. 5
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110
Cutty Dairy	Tls. 10 S.
Shai Elec. and Ash.	Tls. 22
Shanghai Trans.	Tls. 67 S.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30
Shai Telephone	Tls. 78 S.
Shai Waterworks	Tls. 200

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road  
Telephone No. 398

## "BICKERTON'S"

PRIVATE HOTEL  
Established 22 years.  
102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven  
minutes from Bund by tram, which  
stop at the door. Strictly first-class  
cuisine under the personal super-  
vision of the proprietress. 60 rooms,  
separate baths, with hot and cold  
water, electric light, Tel. W. 1271.

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, September 3, 1917.

## Money and Bullion

Tls.

Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate

@ 109 1/2 = Tls. 91

@ 72.7 = Mex. \$1.25

Mex. dollars Market rate 72.35

Bar Silver 1795

Copper Cash 1795

Sovereigns:

Buying rate @ 4/7 = Tls. 4.36

exch. @ 72.7 = Mex. \$6.00

Feking Bar 46.00

Native Interest .08

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver 46.00

Bank Rate of Discount 5%

Market rate of discount:

3 m-s. 4%

4 m-s. 4%

6 m-s. 4%

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.

Ex. Paris on London T.T. \$ 27.41

Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. \$ 47.63

Consols 100

Exchange Closing Quotations

London T.T. 4/7

London Demand 4/7 1/2

India (nominal) T.T. 322

Paris T.T. 630

Paris Demand 630 1/2

New York T.T. 109

New York Demand 109 1/2

Hongkong T.T. 67

Japan T.T. 46 1/2

Batavia T.T. 259

Banks Buying Rates

London 4 m-s. Cds. 4/8 1/2

London 4 m-s. Docy. 4/9

London 6 m-s. Cds. 4/9 1/2

London 6 m-s. Docy. 4/9 1/2

Paris 4 m-s. 650

New York 4 m-s. 112 1/2

Customs House Exchange Rates For

September

Hk. Tls. 3.95 @ 4/6 1/2

1 @ 62 1/2 = Francs 6.98

1 No quotation Marks 15.69

0.82 @ 108 1/2 Gold 81

1 @ 47 1/2 Yen 2.36

1 @ 15 Rupees 3.81

1 @ 600 Roubles 6.68

1 @ 1.50 Mex. \$1.50

† Nominal.

Stock Exchange  
Transactions

## TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, September 3, 1917.

Official

Shai Cotton Tls. 129.00

Tanah Merah Tls. 1.02 1/2

Chengs Tls. 2.20

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

## BUSINESS DONE

Shanghai, September 3, 1917.

Official

Chengs @ Tls. 2.25 cash

London Rubber Market

Reuters Service

London, September 1—Today's

rubber prices were:

Plantation First Latex Crepe

Spot: 28. 8 1/2. Paid.

October-December: 28. 10d. Paid.

Tendency of Market: Dearer.

Previous Quotation, London,

August 31—

Spot: 28. 8 1/2. Paid.

October-December: 28. 9 1/2. Paid.

Tendency of Market: Firmer.

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic in-

formation has been received by

the general agent from the

Sumatra director and manager of

the Maatschappij tot Mij-  
nisch Landbouwexploitatie in

Langkat:

"The outputs of crude oil for

August 31 and September 1 were

76 tons each day."

## Rubber Outputs

July August

Alma lbs. lbs.

Amherst 1,572 31,000

Anglo-Dutch 49,000

Anglo-Java 70,000

Ayer Tawah 27,000

Batu Anam 20,492

Bukit Toh Alang 14,484 17,482

Bute 15,768

Chempedak 12,083

Chemor 19,923

Cheng 14,941

Consolidated 44,702

Domination 44,874

Guala Kalumpung 102,000 101,505

Shipped to London 4,480 101,800

Cocanuts 317,000 410,000

Rainfall (inches) 3 1/2

Java Consolidated 47,000

Kamunting 15,917

Kapala 7,626

Kapayang 38,234

Karan 9,120

Kota Bahroes 45,725

Kroewek 20,000

Langkat 69,409 75,593

Padang 31,000

Permatia 12,728

Pengkalan 11,000 11,000

Repah 17,645 18,540

Samagaga 13,000

Semambu 8,703

See Kee 31,541 29,270

Senawang 12,760 11,449

Shanghai-Klebang 13,500

Shanghai-Kelantan 12,311

Shanghai-Seremban 15,280

Shanghai-Pahang 53,390

Shanghai-Sumatra 19,800

Sua Manggis 7,981

Sungala 17,794

Sungei Duri 28,000

Tanjung 75,000

Tebong 5,241

Ulobri 3,000

Ziangbe 3,000

## BAR SILVER

Reuters Service

London, August 31—Today's

silver prices were:

Bar Silver Spot: 46d. Firm with

buyers.

Previous Quotation, London,

August 30—

Bar Silver Spot: 46d. Firm with

buyers.

Previous Quotation, London,

August 29—

Bar Silver Spot: 46d. Firm with

buyers.

MAKE YOUR WILL  
and  
INSURE YOUR LIFE.

Send today for Prospectus

to the

China Mutual Life Insurance  
Co., Ltd.10 Canton Road,  
SHANGHAI.

British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the  
above company, are prepared to  
grant policies against Fire on For-  
eign and Native Risk at Current  
Rates.

FRAZAR &amp; Co.

## News Brevities

According to the Chinese govern-  
ment's censorship regulations, the  
Great Northern Telegraph Co., Ltd.,  
announces that telegrams exchange-  
d between Germany and Austro-  
Hungarians in China are admitted  
when written in plain English or  
plain Chinese and not relating to  
military, political or diplomatic  
affairs.

A foreign woman, Mrs. Bradley,  
appeared in the Mixed Court yester-  
day in a case of assault preferred  
against a rhesa coolie, Mrs. Broad-  
ley stated that she had taken the  
coolie's rhesa from a point just  
beyond the Savoy Hotel to Mc-  
Tavish and Lehmann's store. When  
she came out of the store the man  
had become abusive about the fare  
paid and had seized her by the arm  
and her little boy by the hair. The  
coolie was given ten days' imprison-  
ment.

Tien Pih-chen, convicted of com-  
plicity in a plot for insurrection in  
Chekiang, who was arrested with  
three Japanese at the Shanghai-  
Hangchow Railway Station, a month  
ago, was shot Saturday afternoon at  
the Arsenal.

A Chinese policeman stationed  
near the slaughter house south of  
Pont St. Catherine in Nantao com-  
mitted suicide Saturday. Insanity  
is said to be the cause of the act.

An industrial development bureau  
has been established at the office of  
the Commissioner of Foreign  
Affairs. It aims to encourage the  
manufacturing of home products for  
export during the war.

A waiter named Pan Chuan-yuan,  
near the Kai Tai lodging house, Tien-  
tsin Road, was electrocuted when  
mopping the floor early Sunday  
morning.

A Chinese named Sze Yung-tsang  
was sentenced to three years'imprison-  
ment in the Mixed Court  
yesterday for kidnapping a young  
girl from her home in Yangtzeppoo.

Germans Seize Wine  
Crop In Rumania

(Reuters Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, September 2.—The

Germans have seized the Rumanian

vintage.

## Local Outports Mail

Permanent Notice

Destination. Mails.

Shanghai-Nanking Close Daily.

Railway. a.m. p.m.

Sochow, Wush, Chang-

chow, Taoyang, Chin-

kiang, Nanking, Han-

kow and North China. 7.00

Sochow, Wush, Chin-

kiang, Nanking and all

intermediate place ... 7.30

Nansiang &amp; Kiatinghsien. 8.00

Sochow, Wush, Chang-

chow, Chinkiang, Nan-

king and all River

ports ... 11.30

Sochow, Wush, Chang-

chow and intermediate

places ... 2.30

Nansiang &amp; Kiatinghsien. 4.30

Sochow, Wush, Chang-

chow, all River Ports

and North China ... 9.00

Shanghai-Hangchow

Railway.

Sinchwang, (Tsiapo and

Seking) Sungkiang,

Fengking, Kashing,

Kashing, (and Tangai),

Sisaihi (and Tung-

hsiang), Changan (also

Shihmenwan) Linping

and Hangchow (also

Shaoching &amp; Sioashan). 3.00

Shanghai-Woosung

Train Close Daily.

Woosung (also Paoshan,

Kiangwan &amp; Taoshan).

6.7, 9.30, 11.45 a.m.

1.30, 3.5, 7.30 p.m.

Sunkiang, Kashing,

Hangchow and inter-

mediate places ... 3.00

Ningpo, Chenhai and

Wenchow via Ningpo

Ningpo, Shan-hai-Hangchow train,

2 p.m., Sundays only.



Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.  
Capital .....\$1,200,000  
Reserve Fund .....1,900,000  
Reserve Liability of Shareholders .....1,200,000  
Head Office: 33 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.  
Court of Directors: Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman. Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E. T. Cuthbertson, Esq. Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G. W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq. The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I. W. Foot Mitchell, Esq. Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.  
Branches: The Bank of England. The London City & Midland Bank Limited. The London County and Westminster Bank, Limited. The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited. The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.  
Agencies and Branches: Amritsar, Iloilo, Puket, Bangkok, Ipoh, Rangoon, Batavia, Karachi, Saigon, Bombay, Klang, Seremban, Calcutta, Kobe, Singapore, Canton, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Cebu, Madras, Sourabaya, Colombo, Malacca, Telipin (P. M. S.), Foonchow, Medan, Tavoy (Lower), Halphong, New York, Burma, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Hongkong, Penang, Yokohama.  
Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund. Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement. Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.  
L. R. BREMMER, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital .....\$15,000,000  
Reserve Funds: Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000 Silver .....15,500,000  
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....\$15,000,000  
Head Office: HONGKONG  
Court of Directors: Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Chairman. Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Deputy Chairman. Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton. P. C. Butcher, Esq. A. H. Compton, Esq. G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. C. S. Gubbay, Esq. E. V. D. Parr, Esq. W. L. Pattenden, Esq.  
Chief Manager: Hongkong-N. J. STARR.  
Branches and Agencies: Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Bangkok, Johore, Penang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon, Calcutta, London, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Colombo, Malacca, Singapore, Foonchow, Manila, Sourabaya, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, New York, Tsingtau, Iloilo, Yokohama.  
London Bankers: London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.  
Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund. Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Local Bills Discounted. Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.  
A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)  
Authorized Capital .....\$60,000,000  
Paid-up Capital .....\$10,000,000  
U.S. \$7,510,000.00  
Head Office: PEKING.  
Branches and Agencies: Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanghai, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foonchow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiquen, etc., etc.  
SHANGHAI BRANCH, 3 HANKOW ROAD.  
Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates: For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum. For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.  
SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus...U.S. \$6,500,000.00  
Undivided Profits.....1,010,000.00  
U.S. \$7,510,000.00  
Head Office: 65 Wall Street, New York  
National City Bank Building.  
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate, E. C.  
Branches: Bombay, Hongkong, Peking, Calcutta, Kobe, San Francisco, Canton, London, Santo Domingo, Cebu, Manila, San Pedro de, Colon, Medellin, Macoris (Cristobal C.Z.), Shanghai, Hankow, Panama, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.  
Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at: Bahia, Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Genoa, Havana, San Paulo, Montevideo, Valparaiso, Petrograd.  
The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.  
H. C. GULLAND, Manager.  
1a Klunkang Road, SHANGHAI.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital .....£1,500,000  
Subscribed Capital .....1,125,000  
Paid-up Capital .....562,500  
Reserve Fund .....600,000  
Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.  
London Bankers: Bank of England. London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.  
Branches and Agencies: Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Kandy, Penang, Colombo, Karachi, Fort Louis, Delhi, Kota Bharu (Mauritius), Galle (Kelantan), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.  
Shanghai Branch. VERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.  
R. D. YOUNG, Manager.  
7 Nanking Road.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1917

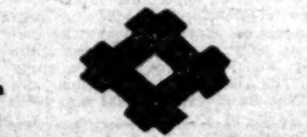
Date and Destination	Per	Ch.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today							
Yehaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Fengtien	13.30	13.30				13.30
Japan Ports	Yawata maru	10.30					10.30
Swatow and Hongkong		9.30					
Europe via Siberia (Express)	Via Pukow	7.00					
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wosang	9.30					9.30
Weihsaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Koonshing	10.30	10.30				10.30
Swatow	Shawshing	10.30	10.30				10.30
Japan via Nagasaki	Yawata maru	21.00				21.00	21.00
River Ports	Loonawo	15.00				15.00	15.00
Hongkong and Canton	Keelung maru					16.00	16.00
Tsingtau						17.00	17.00
Swatow	Poochi	21.00				21.00	21.00
Amoy, Hongkong and Canton	Heinchi	21.00				21.00	21.00
Poochow						17.00	17.00
Tsain (Daily except Sunday)						17.00	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen					17.00	17.00
Peking and Tientsin (Every day)	Train					17.00	17.00
Hankow						17.00	17.00
Tomorrow							
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	21.00				17.00	17.00
Amoy and Hongkong						17.00	17.00
Hongkong and beyond						17.00	17.00
River Ports	Wuchang	2.00				2.00	2.00
Swatow	Kiangsoo	21.00				21.00	21.00
Amoy, Hongkong and Canton	Sinkiang	21.00				21.00	21.00
Hongkong and Canton	Hitachi maru	8.00				8.00	8.00
H'kong, S. Ports, Australia, Straits, Ceylon & India	Hitachi maru	8.00				8.00	8.00
Thursday, Sept. 6							
Europe via Siberia (P. Train)	Via Pukow					7.00	7.00
Japan via Moji	Kumano maru	12.00				12.00	12.00
Japan Ports	Kumano maru	12.00				12.00	12.00
Japan via Kobe	Kumano maru	12.00				12.00	12.00
Japan						12.00	12.00
River Ports	Kiangwah	21.00				21.00	21.00
Weihsaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shunien	8.00				8.00	8.00
Friday, Sept. 7							
Japan via Nagasaki	Hakui maru					8.00	8.00
Saturday, Sept. 8							
Dairen, Manchuria & Europe	Sakaki maru					14.00	14.00
Monday, Sept. 10							
N'aki, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Via Pukow	21.00				11.30	11.30
Europe via Siberia						17.00	17.00

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.  
Paid up Capital: Kuiping Tael 10,000,000  
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.  
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.  
SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.  
Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.  
CHAO CHING HUA, Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NETHERLAND TRADING SOCIETY.)  
Established 1824.  
Paid-up Capital: Guilders 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000)  
Reserve Fund: Guilders 9,255,431 (about £827,126)  
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.  
Head Agency: BATAVIA.  
Agencies in Holland: THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.  
Branches: Banjerassin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandoeng, Palembang, Tandjong, Babel Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tebing-Tinggi, Djember, Penang, Segaly, Pontianak, Telok-Betong, Hongkong, Rangoon, Tjilatjap, Kota-Radia, Semarang, Weltevreden, Makassar, Singapore, Soerabaya, Medan.  
London Bankers: Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.  
Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.  
The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.  
Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.  
SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.  
R. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.



SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH, No. 1 Klunkang Road  
Capital .....Yen 30,000,000  
Capital (Paid-up) .....Yen 18,750,000  
Reserve .....Yen 1,470,000  
Deposits .....Yen 120,000,000  
President, Baron K. Sumitomo  
Head Office: OSAKA.  
Branches: Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Niigata, Hiroshima, Yanai, Shimomoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.  
London Bankers: LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED  
New York Bankers: NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.  
Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.  
S. KASAHARA, Manager.  
Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank). Tel. No. 4663 (Comptroller Office).

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI  
Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000  
Paid-up Capital...Sh. Tls. 2,500,000  
Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits: For 3 months at 3% per annum. For 6 months at 4% per annum. For 12 months at 5% per annum.  
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.  
H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1850.)  
Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.  
Capital Subscribed ...Yen 48,000,000  
Capital Paid-up .....36,000,000  
Reserve Fund .....21,500,000  
London Bankers: Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.  
Branches and Agencies: Antungshai, London, Port Arthur, Bombay, Liaoyang, S. Francisco, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Singapore, Changchun, Lyons, Sydney, Dairen, Mukden, Shantung, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tieling, Harbin, Newchwang, Tientsin, Hongkong, New York, Tokio, Honolulu, Osaka, Tsingtau, Kobe, Peking.  
SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.  
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.  
K. KODAMA, Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Roubles.  
Capital (fully-paid) .....55,000,000  
Reserve Fund .....28,000,000  
Kope. Tls.  
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government .....3,500,000  
Reserve Fund .....1,750,000  
Head Office: PETROGRAD.  
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.  
London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E.C.  
Bankers: London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co. Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas. Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.  
Far Eastern Branches and Agencies: Bombay, Harbin, Peking, Chanchun, Hongkong, Shanghai, Chefoo, Newchwang, Tientsin, Dairen, Nicolayowsk, Vladivostok, Hallan, O-Amur, Yokohama, Hankow.  
85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.  
SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.  
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.  
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold. Safe Deposit Boxes.  
L. JEZIERSKI, G. CARRERE, Managers for China, Japan and India.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique  
Societe Anonyme  
Paid-up Capital .....Frs. 30,000,000  
Head Office: BRUSSELS.  
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate.  
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.  
President: JEAN JADOT  
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.  
Bankers: London: Martin's Bank, Ltd. Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique. Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers. Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme. Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris. New York: National City Bank of New York.  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.  
Every description of banking and Exchange business transacted.  
M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.  
Paid-Up Capital .....\$ 300,000.00  
Reserve .....\$ 10,000.00  
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) \$1,400,000.00  
Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.  
Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.  
Current accounts in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.  
Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollars, will be furnished on request.  
K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

Letters forwarded by these mails only when specially marked.  
A Registration 8.30 a.m. Supplementary mails closed at 7 a.m. following day.  
B Letters and boxes with declared value 9.30 a.m. Parcel post and money orders 9 a.m.  
C Letters and boxes with declared value 11 a.m. Parcel post and money orders 10.30 a.m.  
D Letters and boxes with declared value 9.30 p.m. Parcel post and money orders noon.  
E Letters and boxes with declared value 9 a.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders noon.  
F Letters and boxes with declared value 8.30 a.m. Parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders noon on previous day.  
G Letters and boxes with declared value 2 p.m. Parcel post 1.30 p.m. and money orders noon.  
Until further notice, mails for Europe, via Pukow and Siberia, will be closed at the Chinese Post Office as follows: Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p.m. Registered mails are closed half an hour earlier. A supplementary mail of ordinary correspondence only will be closed on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 a.m.  
Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 a.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian post office.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.  
The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.  
The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.  
The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin for Shanghai, via Chefoo and Weihsaiwei on Sunday.  
The C.N. s.s. Anhui left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.  
The I-C. s.s. Suifu left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.  
The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.  
The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.  
The C.N. s.s. Sunning will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.  
The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.  
The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.  
The I-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.  
The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.  
The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.  
The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.  
The L-G. s.s. Esang will leave Tientsin for Shanghai, via Chefoo and Weihsaiwei tomorrow.  
Launch Services  
TODAY  
The launch conveying passengers to the O.S.K. s.s. Keelung Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 11 a.m.  
TOMORROW  
The tender conveying passengers and mails to the N.Y.K. s.s. Hitachi Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 10 a.m.

SCIENTIFIC EYE-TESTING  
Precise Duplicating  
Fine Repairing  
ACCURATE LENS GRINDING  
Toric and Kryptok Lenses, Sun-glasses, Protection Goggles & Everything Optical  
Special rate to Doctor's prescriptions  
CHINESE OPTICAL COMPANY  
P 352 Nanking Road, cor. Lloyd Road  
Branches: Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Changsha, Hangchow

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MEANS  
LEADERSHIP  
USE "STATESMAN" BRAND PAINTS.  
THE LINE OF RECOGNIZED QUALITY.  
MANUFACTURED BY  
CHARLES H. BROWN PAINT COMPANY  
WE CARRY A COMPLETE RANGE OF EXCLUSIVE COLOURS - READY FOR USE. PRICES ON APPLICATION  
PAINT, DEPARTMENT  
CHINA-AMERICAN TRADING CO., INC.  
13A CANTON ROAD: TEL. 918



## GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

## FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agent
Sept 8	..	San Francisco	China	Am	C. M. S. S. Co.
10	..	San Francisco	Shimo maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
17	5.0	Victoria B. C. & Seattle	Shidzuka maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
19	..	Tacoma & Seattle	Mexico maru	Jap	O. S. K.
Oct 1	..	Tacoma and Seattle	Hawaii maru	Jap	O. S. K.

## FOR JAPAN PORTS

Sept 4	0.30	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
6	noon	Kobe	Kitano maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
8	1.00	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Kunano maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
10	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Hakuni maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
11	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chino maru	Am	C. M. S. S. Co.
12	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Shimo maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
13	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yamauchi maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
14	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Omi maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
15	..	Kobe & Yokohama	Ecuador	Am	P. M. S. S. Co.
17	5.0	Kobe and Yokohama	Shidzuka maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
18	noon	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap	N. Y. K.

## FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Sept 5	11.3	Liverpool via ports	Hitchi maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
21	11.3	London etc.	Ito maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
30	..	Liverpool via ports	Akino maru	Jap	N. Y. K.

## FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Sept 4	11.0	Hongkong & Canton	Chenai	Br	B. & S.
4	11.0	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wosang	Br	J. M. & Co.
4	..	Swatow	Shawhsing	Br	B. & S.
4	..	Amoy & Swatow	Feiching	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Wenchow via Ningpo	Poochi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Amoy	Hsinchi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Ningpo	Hsinchi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Hsinchi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
9	..	D. L. Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Anhui	Br	B. & S.
11	..	D. L. Hongkong & Canton	Sunming	Br	B. & S.
22	..	Manila & Hongkong	Columbia	Am	P. M. S. S. Co.
23	..	Hongkong	Canada maru	Jap	O. S. K.
25	..	Hongkong	Inaba maru	Jap	N. Y. K.

## FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Sept 4	noon	Tientsin, Dairen & Tsingtao	Keelung maru	Jap	O. S. K.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Fengtien	Br	B. & S.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Hsinchi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Wosang	Br	J. M. & Co.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Shawhsing	Br	B. & S.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Feiching	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Poochi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Hsinchi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Hsinchi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Hsinchi	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.

## FOR RIVER PORTS

Sept 4	..	M. N. Hankow etc.	Tatung	Br	B. & S.
4	..	M. N. do	Tachangmaru	Jap	N. Y. K.
4	..	M. N. do	Loongwo	Br	J. M. & Co.
4	..	M. N. do	Changong	Br	H. O. S. & Co.
4	..	M. N. do	Wuchang	Br	B. & S.
4	..	M. N. do	Kiangtsoo	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	M. N. do	Tachang maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
4	..	M. N. do	Kiangtsoo	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	..	M. N. do	Tachang maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
4	..	M. N. do	Kiangtsoo	Br	C. M. S. S. Co.

\*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

## Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agent	Berth
Sept 2	Vingpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br	B. & S.	CNCG
2	Ningpo	Hsin Ninghsiao	2151	Chl	N. S. N. Co.	NSCW
2	Foochow	Hsinchi	1386	Chl	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLTY
3	Chefoo	Shuntien	1082	Br	B. & S.	ONW
3	Chinwangtao	Yodo maru	1871	Jap	K. M. A.	BLAW
3	Hankow	Tachang maru	1269	Jap	N. Y. K.	NSCW
3	Hankow	Wuchang	1719	Br	B. & S.	CNFW
3	Hankow	Jubo maru	999	Jap	N. Y. K.	WSW
3	Hankow	Kumano maru	3147	Jap	N. Y. K.	WSW
3	Hankow	Shawhsing	1287	Br	B. & S.	WSW
3	Hankow	Hsinchi	1616	Br	B. & S.	CNFW
3	Hankow	Poochi	631	Chl	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLTY
3	Hankow	Kiangtsoo	1468	Chl	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLTY

## Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agent
Sept 3	Chefoo & Newchwang	Toonan	842	Chl	C. M. S. S. Co.
3	Hongkong & Canton	Tachang	1612	Chl	C. M. S. S. Co.
3	Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	1892	Br	B. & S.
3	Hankow etc.	Kiangtsoo	1451	Chl	C. M. S. S. Co.
3	Hankow etc.	Yohyama maru	1817	Jap	N. Y. K.
3	Hankow etc.	Kiangtsoo	1854	Br	J. M. & Co.
3	Vanc uver	Empress of Russia	1600	Br	C. P. O. S.
3	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br	B. & S.
3	Ningpo	Hsin Ninghsiao	2151	Chl	N. S. N. Co.

## Vessels Loading

## For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The C. S. Str. Tachang M. Capt. H. Yamashita, will be despatched from Pootung N. K. K. wharf on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund, Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Loongwo, tons 3,325 Capt. Findelson will leave on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to Jardine Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers, Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tachang Capt. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangtsoo, Capt. A. S. Malcolm, will leave on Wednesday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co's Shiangyang M. Capt. J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N. Y. K. wharf on Wednesday, September 5, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund, Tel. No. 3256.

Light. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY and SWATOW.—The Str. Feiching, Captain A. B. Baines, will leave on Tuesday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

WENCHOW via NINGPO.—The Str. Poochi, Capt. J. Mackel, will leave on Tuesday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Wednesday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R. N. R. will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, Sept. 5, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Sinking Captain Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, Sept. 6, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Anhui, Capt. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, Sept. 9, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning Captain W. L. Jones will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, Sept. 11, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Capt. T. Kamishashi, will be despatched from the Co's pootung wharf on September 15, at daylight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 11 a.m. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain T. Suruga, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtze-poo wharf on September 25 at daylight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 11 a.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

## For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Fengtien, Capt. Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, September 4, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO and TIEN-TSIN.—The Str. Hsinming, Capt. H. MacKenzie, will leave on Tuesday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

TIEN-TSIN, DAIREN & TSINGTAO.—The Str. Keelung M. Capt. T. Kamishashi, will be despatched from the Co's pootung wharf on Sept. 4, at noon. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 11 a.m. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shuntien Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, Sept. 6, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungchow, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, Sept. 8, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

## For Foreign Ports

TACOMA and SEATTLE, CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. via MOJIL, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Str. Mexico M. Capt. K. Komiya, will be despatched from on September 19, at 11 a.m. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the customs jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at 11 a.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The O. S. K. No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

TACOMA and SEATTLE, CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Str. Hawaii Maru, Capt. J. Kanoo, will be despatched from on Monday, October 1, at 11 a.m. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the customs jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at 11 a.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

## For Southern Ports

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Chartered Steamer Shawhsing, Captain Morimoto, will leave on Tuesday, September 4, at noon. For Freight, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Chenan, Capt. P. H. Cowan, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at day-

## C. N. C.

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

## YANGTSE RIVER &amp; CHINA COAST PORTS. FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG, and HANKOW.—S.S. Luenyi, Nagankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Chungking and Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtze and Hunan Lake.

\*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinking, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hothow, Pakhol, Halphor, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIEN-TSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Freight: Telephone N. 77. Agents, 21-23 French Bund. Passage: Telephone No. 401.

## PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

## U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers "Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia" 14,000 tons each

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VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

## THE SUNSHINE BELT

The most comfortable route to America and Europe

## SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "Ecuador"	Sept. 15, 1917
S.S. "Colombia"	Oct. 13, 1917
S.S. "Venezuela"	Nov. 10, 1917
S.S. "Ecuador"	Dec. 7, 1917

## SAILINGS FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

S.S. "Colombia"	Sept. 22, 1917
S.S. "Venezuela"	Oct. 20, 1917
S.S. "Ecuador"	Nov. 17, 1917
S.S. "Colombia"	Dec. 15, 1917

(Subject to change)

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration. Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information re freight and passage, apply to

B. C. HAILE, Agent.

1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building) Telephone 5056. Shanghai.

## O. S. K.

## OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

## SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

## AMERICAN LINE

(For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.)

Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.

"MEXICO MARU"	.. (12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiya,	Sept. 18,	19
"HAWAII MARU"	.. (18,000 tons) Capt. J. Kanoo,	Sept. 24,	Oct. 1

"CANADA MARU"	.. (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Suruga,	Sept. 24,	25
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## CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tsingtau, Tientsin and Dairen

"KEELUNG MARU"	.. (1,569 tons) Capt. T. Kamishashi,	Sept. 2,	4
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For Tientsin, Dairen and Tsingtau

"KOHOKU MARU"	.. (2,610 tons) Capt. K. Saito,	Sept. 16,	18
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For Foochow, Keelung and Takao

"KEELUNG MARU"	.. (1,569 tons) Capt. T. Kamishashi,	Sept. 13,	15
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The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostok, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—

H. YAMAUCHI, Manager, OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, Union Building, 4 The Bund, Tel. Address: SHOSHEN, SHANGHAI. Tels. 4047, 4234.

## JAMES MAGILL &amp; Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.

Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers

SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

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## CANADIAN PACIFIC

## OCEAN SERVICES

## LIMITED



## QUICKEST TIMES ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver in connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway

EMPRESS OF ASIA EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

EMPRESS OF JAPAN MONTEAGLE

## Shanghai to Vancouver

THROUGH

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

VIA

GLACIER, FIELD, LAKE LOUISE, BANFF

Along the Fraser and Thomson River Canyons

Through the Selkirk and Canadian Rockies

Every facility of our office is at your disposal in planning trips, and we shall be pleased to quote fares to any point, and work out itineraries from starting point to destination.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc. apply to—

G. M. JACKSON, General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building, Tel. Central 182.



## SHIPPING

# N. Y. K.

### NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

#### SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to alteration.)

**EUROPEAN LINE.**  
For London or Liverpool via ports.  
(For Liverpool.)

Ship	Tons	Agent	Departure
HITACHI MARU	12,500	Sept. 5	
IYO MARU	12,500	Sept. 21	
KITANO MARU	16,000	Sept. 30	

**FOR HONGKONG.**

Ship	Tons	Agent	Departure
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo	Sept. 25

**AMERICAN LINE.**  
Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

Ship	Tons	Agent	Departure
SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. I. Noma	Sept. 17
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo	Oct. 12
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Terada	Oct. 29

**SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE** (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

Ship	Tons	Agent	Departure
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara	Sept. 4
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano	Sept. 8
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki	Sept. 11
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida	Sept. 15
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui	Sept. 18

**SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE** (Via Moji.)

Ship	Tons	Agent	Departure
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Salto	Sept. 6
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yagiu	Sept. 13

**KOBE TO SEATTLE**

Ship	Tons	Agent	Departure
TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Akamatsu	Oct. 5

**FOR JAPAN**

Ship	Tons	Agent	Departure
KITANO MARU	16,000	Sept. 6	
SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. I. Noma	Sept. 17

**AUSTRALIAN LINE**  
Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

Ship	Tons	Agent	Departure
TANGO MARU	14,000	Sept. 18, 1917	
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Oct. 16, 1917	
AKI MARU	12,500	Nov. 13, 1917	

**CALCUTTA LINE**  
Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

**BOMBAY LINE**  
Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to  
T. IHUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.  
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai. Tel. No. 2729.

## Allied Powers Agree To Postpone Boxer Payment?

The United States, Great Britain, France and Japan have consented to the request by China to postpone the payment of the Boxer indemnity for five years, it is reported, and the Ministers of these powers have already received instructions from their home governments to that effect.

A meeting was held by the members of the Diplomatic Corps at Peking Saturday to discuss the question. It is expected that they will soon negotiate with the administration on this subject. The question of the transfer of the work of the dean of the Corps, now done by the French Envoy, M. Conty, was also dealt with. M. Conty expects to leave the Capital next Monday.

The demand by Italy to extend its settlement in Tientsin is being opposed by the United States, Britain, and Japan, while France is said to be in favor of it. The Chinese government has not yet given any reply to the Italian Legation.

The extraordinary session of Parliament in Canton, Saturday, elected Dr. Sun Yat-sen Generalissimo, while Inspector-General Lu Yung-tung and General Tang Chi-yao, Tuchun of Yunnan, were elected Field Marshals.

An attempt on the life of Fu Liang-tao, the new Tuchun of Hunan, was made Saturday when a bomb was hurled at him while he was on his way to Changsha. He escaped unhurt.

Dr. Nagao Ariga, the Japanese adviser to the government on the preparation of the Constitution, is expected to reach Peking today or tomorrow to assume his office.

The mutinous recruits at Shanghai still remain active in their plunder. They have crossed the Yellow River at Tsyang after abandoning their post at Yuchen on the Tientsin-Pukow line and have arrived at Ichowfu. It is apparent that they are trying to go down to Tsoochow to join hands with the famous bandit, Mau Shih-chung.

Opposition to the proposed National Council has been expressed by Tuchun Tang Chi-yao of Yunnan in his message to the government, which recently attempted to explain to him the necessity of its action.

Opium weighing 1,665.73 ounces and 832 articles used by opium smokers were destroyed by fire Saturday in the Nantao Court of Procurators in the presence of representatives from various interests of the city.

## Business and Official Notices

### GENUINE REDUCTION SALE

Our Entire Stock of High-class E. P. Ware, Silverware, Leather Goods, Perfumery, Crystalware, Fancy Goods, DIAMOND and JEWELLERY

TO BE CLEARED AT SACRIFICE PRICES

### Buy Now and Save Money

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE FIRST CLASS GOODS DON'T MISS IT

**All Genuine Reductions**  
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47 and 48, NANKING ROAD.

**ANTIMONY REGULUS.**  
(99% pure)  
**ALWAYS IN STOCK.**  
Apply, HUPEH GOVERNMENT MINING BUREAU, WUCHANG.  
Tel. address "HUPEHMIN" 14731

#### NOTICE OF REMOVAL

THE Offices of the undersigned are from the first of September located on the third floor of the Raven Trust Building, No. 15 Nanking Road, with main entrance from Szechuen Road.

HANS BERENTS,  
M. Nor. Soc. C. E. - A. M. Am. Soc. C. E.,  
Consulting Engineer.  
September 1, 1917. 14971

#### NOTICE OF REMOVAL

The undersigned have removed their office to  
**No. 1a Jinkee Road, 1st floor.**  
**MORTON AND REEVES,**  
Marine Surveyors.  
Tel. 1886. 14952

#### The Haw Yeng Chinese Carpet Factory

Only wool of the best quality obtainable in China is used, after careful sifting, in the manufacture of our carpets. Our workmen are experts in this line of business, specially engaged by us from Peking and Tientsin. Carpets of all sizes and designs, and in every shade and color, are always kept in stock to meet the demands of the public, but carpets of any novel or special pattern can be made to order. All carpets and rugs sold by us have been highly eulogized by our European customers as marvels of cheapness, considering their good quality.

We have now for sale carpets made of genuine camel wool, our prices for which are fixed at the very moderate rates of 40, 50 and 60 cents per foot. Foreign patronage is respectfully solicited.

**HWA YENG FACTORY.**  
No. 127 Peking Road  
Between Honan and Shantung Roads

## KINGMAN & BROS.

**DENTAL SURGEONS**  
of the Philadelphia Dental College and Garretson's Hospital of Oral Surgery, Philadelphia, U.S.A.,  
Will perform all  
Kinds of dental operation on modern Scientific principles  
And supply  
Teeth of Superior Workmanship in Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates, Gold Crowns and Bridge Work.  
All works are guaranteed to entire satisfaction.  
No. 40 Szechuen Road.

**VON SCHEER CONFIDENT U-BOATS WILL SUCCEED**  
But Says It Would Be Mistake To Name Definite Date For Victory

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Amsterdam, September 1.—In an interview with a representative of the Leipziger Tageblatt, Admiral von Scheer, Commander-in-Chief of the German High Seas Fleet, declared that he expected everything from submarines. "This confidence is shared by all our submarine commanders. I am firmly convinced that if the present rate of sinking continues, the day must come when Britain will recognize that the war does not pay."

Admiral von Scheer added that it would be a mistake to name a definite date when this will happen. He alleged that the loss of submarines was only two or three a month and said that the Germans had met with no new appliances against submarines, apart from guns, nets and mines.

It is believed that the object of the above statements is, in the first place, to cheer up the German people, which is very necessary at the present time, owing to their pessimism regarding the military situation and secondly, if possible, to draw a contradictory statement from the British Admiralty, in the hope that it will contain some reference to the new measures being taken against submarines and of submarine losses, which might be helpful to Admiral von Scheer.

## Thousands Are S'ain In Big Fire At Kazan

Petrograd, August 31.—There has been a big fire at Kazan, in which several thousand people were killed or injured.

#### FIX BUTTER PRICES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, September 1.—The Food Controller prescribes that, after the 3rd inst., no butter is to be sold by importers or makers above the fixed maximum price; any person other than an importer or maker shall not sell butter at a profit exceeding 7s. 6d. per cwt.; the retailer's profit is limited to 2s. 6d. per lb. and first-hand prices of Australian butter to 20s/- per cwt. and of New Zealand butter to 20s/- per cwt.

#### SUSPECTED DYNAMITER

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Ottawa, September 1.—Elie La-Jumiere, an anti-conscription agitator, has been arrested and charged with the attempt to dynamite the residence of Lord Atholstan.

## The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

#### SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up									
STATIONS.	Local	Express	Fast	4th	Fast	Local	Fast	Local	Express
SHANGHAI NORTH	..	7.55	8.10	8.40	12.45	16.25	16.55	17.00	..
SOOCHOW	..	8.41	11.22	12.30	14.55	18.15	18.55	19.00	..
WUSU	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	16.45	19.25	20.30	20.35	..
CHANGCHOW	..	11.22	13.18	14.41	17.45	20.25	21.30	21.35	..
CHANGCHOW	..	12.09	14.11	15.16	18.31	21.11	22.16	22.21	..
CHANGCHOW	..	12.52	14.55	16.00	19.14	22.04	23.09	23.14	..
NANKING	..	1.19	1.15	1.28	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	..
SHANGHAI NORTH	..	1.19	1.15	1.28	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	..
SHANGHAI NORTH	..	1.19	1.15	1.28	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	..
SHANGHAI NORTH	..	1.19	1.15	1.28	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	..

R. Restaurant Cars. \*Connects with through Siberian Service. S. Sleeping Cars.

#### Woonsung Forts to Shanghai North—Up

STATIONS.	Local	Express	Fast	4th	Fast	Local	Fast	Local	Express
WOONSUNG	..	8.55	9.15	9.45	14.40	18.10	18.45	18.50	..
SHANGHAI NORTH	..	9.25	9.45	10.15	15.10	18.40	19.15	19.20	..
SHANGHAI NORTH	..	9.25	9.45	10.15	15.10	18.40	19.15	19.20	..

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NANKING	..	1.19	1.15	1.28	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	..
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SHANGHAI NORTH	..	1.19	1.15	1.28	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	..

#### KONZEN CHIAO TO ZAHKOU

STATIONS.	Local	Express	Fast	4th	Fast	Local	Fast	Local	Express
Konzen Chiao	..	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	19.00	..
Ken Shang Mun	..	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	19.15	..
Hangchow	..	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	19.25	..
Zahkou	..	7.40	9.40	12.10	14.40	16.55	19.25	19.50	..

R. Restaurant Cars.

## Socialists Turn Down Stockholm Conference

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, September 1.—In view of the failure of the Inter-Allied Socialist Conference in London, the Parliamentary Committee of the Trade Union Congress, at Blackpool has agreed that the Socialist Conference at Stockholm at the present time could not be successful and it recommends that the first step should be to secure general agreement among workers of the Allied nations and the arranging of a congress for that purpose, the committee emphasizing the hope that the Government will not refuse passports.

#### Sailed from Shanghai

sent time, owing to their pessimism  
 regarding the military situation and  
 secondly, if possible, to draw a con-  
 tradictory statement from the British  
 Admiralty, in the hope that it will  
 contain some reference to the new  
 measures being taken against sub-  
 marines and of submarine losses  
 which might be helpful to Admira-  
 ly von Scheer.

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## Mail Notices

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### MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—  
   Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Sept. 4  
   Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumanon M. Sept. 11  
   Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakual M. Sept. 11  
   Per N.Y.K. s.s. Y'shiro M. Sept. 11  
 For U.S., Canada and Europe:—  
   Per C.M. s.s. China . . . . . Sept. 4  
   Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo M. Sept. 10  
   Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador . . . . . Sept. 13  
 For Europe:—  
   Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hiltachi M. Sept. 15  
   Per N.Y.K. s.s. Iyoi Maru Sept. 21

## BIG SALE OF PITKIN'S PRODUCTS AT JANG TAH'S

No. 17 Nanking Road and 1836/7 N. Szechuen Road  
From September 3rd to 17th, 1917.  
Do not miss this opportunity to stock your requirements.  
Prices are advancing.  
Illustrated and descriptive circulars sent on request.  
Tel. No. 3255.  
**The Eastern Syndicate**  
128a Szechuen Road  
Representatives

**J. M. Pitkin & Co.**  
Manufacturers, Newark, N.Y.

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#### KONZEN CHIAO TO ZAHKOU

STATIONS.
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